



*Comanche County Medical Center*

# ***Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA)***

Stroudwater Associates

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*Portland Headlight, whose beacon is featured in our logo, symbolizes the guidance and thought leadership we offer to clients as they navigate the challenging seas of today's healthcare industry environment.*

# Project Overview

Comanche County Medical Center (CCMC) is conducting a Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) to assess, prioritize, and identify resources potentially available to address the health needs of the Comanche Community.

CCMC solicited input from individuals in the greater CCMC service area to help in identifying and prioritizing significant health needs.

# METHODOLOGY

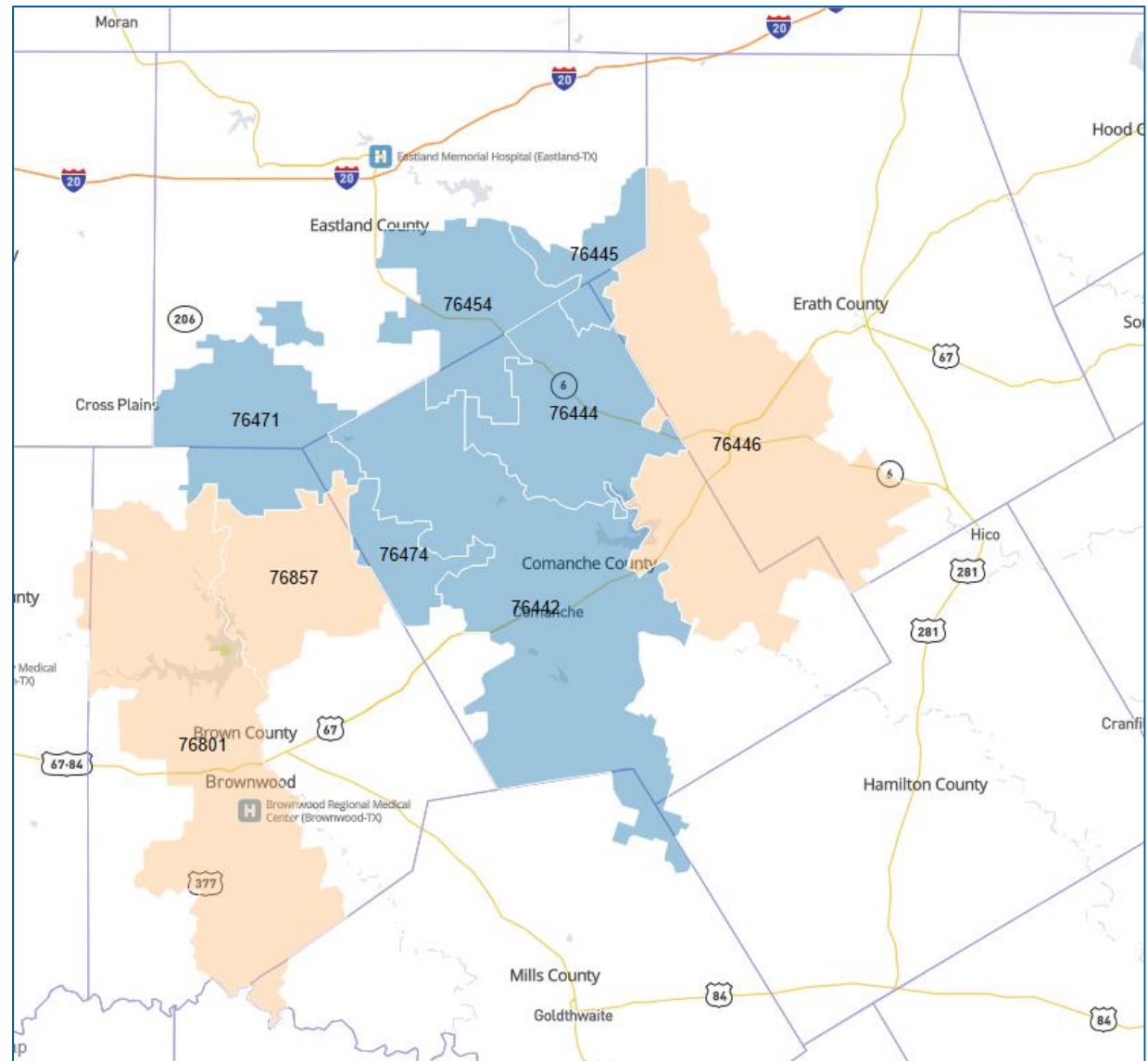
# Methodology

- This CHNA relies on data collected from the following sources:
  1. Health and Demographic Data
    - Community Commons
    - Comanche County Medical Center (“CCMC”)
    - IBM Watson
  2. Survey Data
    - A 35-question survey was distributed to a wide range of CCMC stakeholders. It was:
      - distributed via email with an invitation to respond and a survey link hosted on Survey Monkey
      - distributed in print form in CCMC facilities and community locations
      - advertised in local newspapers, on various media networks, and posted on the CCMC website
      - provided in both English and Spanish
    - 102 surveys were collected and analyzed

# DEMOGRAPHICS

# Demographics: Service Area Definition

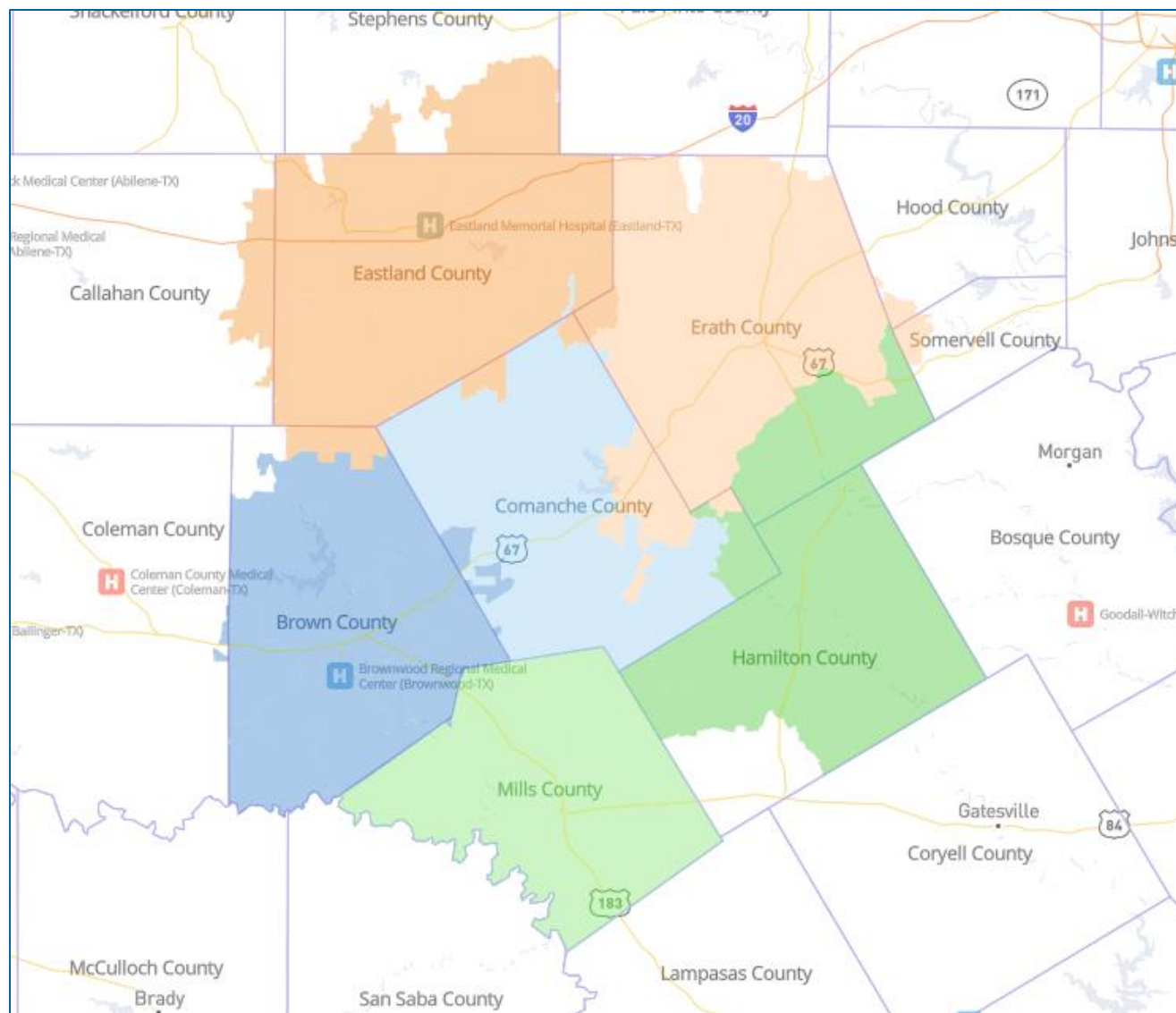
- Zip codes (9) shown account for just over 90% of patient origin for Comanche Medical Center 2018 Medicare patients.
- 6 zip codes in blue represent the primary service area the remaining 3 zip codes represent the secondary service area.
- The community service area includes these zip codes, plus all other zip codes in Hamilton, Mills, Eastland, Erath, Brown, and Comanche counties.



Source: CMS Hospital Service Area File 2018

# Demographics: Service Area Definition

- The 6 counties in the CCMC community are composed of Brown, Comanche, Eastland, Erath, Hamilton and Mills counties.





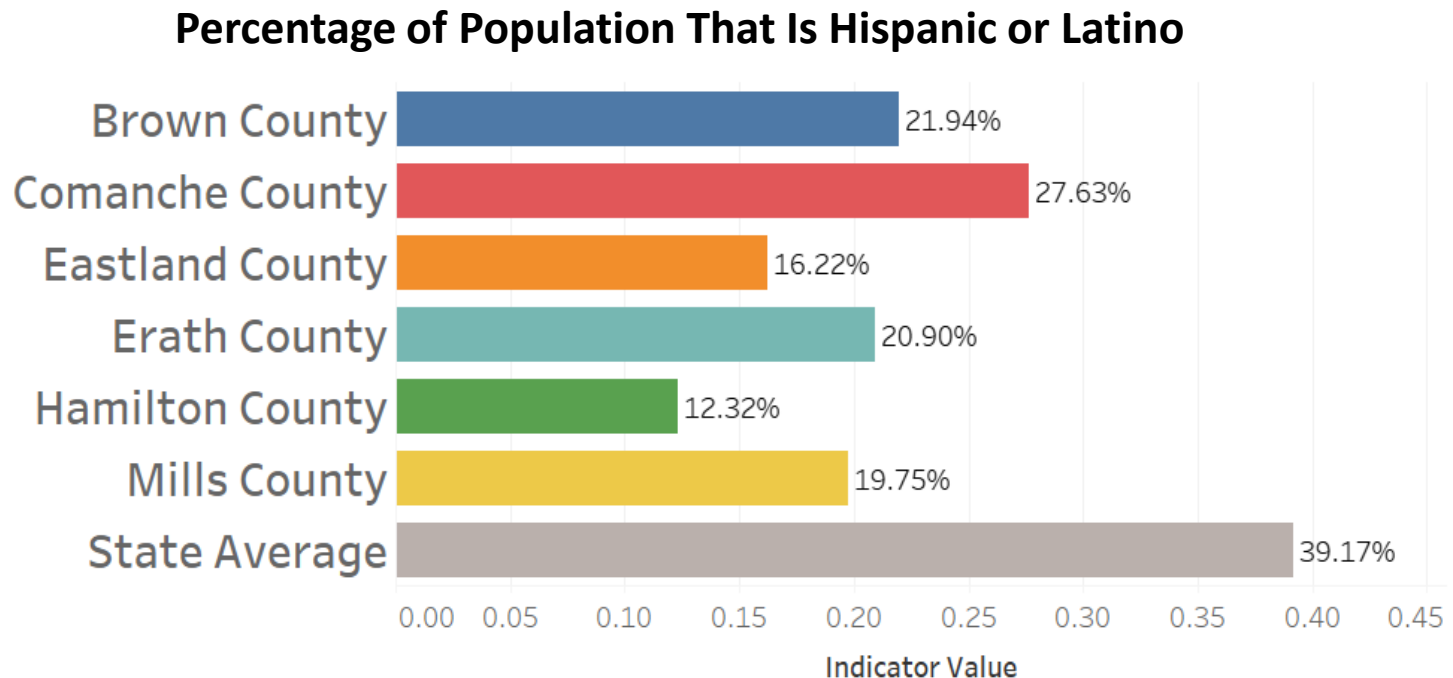
# Demographics: Population Age Groups and Growth Data

- The 6-county service area is expected to grow by almost 5,000 individuals or 3.8% between 2019 and 2024.
- 57% of the estimated growth is expected to come from Erath County.
- The two age cohorts expected to grow between 2019 – 2024 are the 18 – 44 age group by 2,590 individuals (5.9%) and the 65+ age group, by 3,223 (12.9%).
- With the exception of Erath County, people aged 65 and older comprise over 20% of each county's total population.

Current Population			5yr Estimate	
125,789			130,598	
Age Gro..	Current	Forecast	# Change	% Change
0-17	27,206	27,337	131	0.5%
18-44	43,992	46,582	2,590	5.9%
45-64	29,562	28,427	-1,135	-3.8%
65+	25,029	28,252	3,223	12.9%
Grand Total	125,789	130,598	4,809	3.8%

# Demographics: Hispanic or Latino Population Data

- All 6 counties have a lower Hispanic or Latino population than the Texas state average.
- Of all the 6 counties, Comanche County has the largest Hispanic or Latino population: 27.63% of the total county population.



# Demographics: CCMC Inpatient Data

- CCMC Inpatient (IP) data show the percentage of patients who are Hispanic or Latino has stayed relatively consistent over time with the exception of 2017.
- The majority (9.2%) of Hispanic or Latino patients come from Comanche County.

**Total Inpatient Population at CCMC by Race**

Race	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
White	92.4%	91.3%	88.6%	92.5%	91.5%	91.3%
Hispanic	6.2%	8.3%	11.1%	7.3%	7.3%	6.9%
Unknown	0.8%	0.2%	0.3%		0.7%	0.6%
American Indian or Alaska Native					0.1%	0.2%
Other					0.3%	0.2%
Asian	0.1%					
Black or African American	0.4%	0.3%		0.1%	0.1%	
Null						0.8%

**Inpatient Population from Six Counties by Race**

Race	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
White	93.6%	91.8%	88.8%	92.6%	91.8%	92.5%
Hispanic	5.6%	8.0%	10.9%	7.2%	7.3%	6.6%
Unknown	0.4%	0.2%	0.3%		0.5%	0.6%
American Indian or Alaska Native						0.2%
Other					0.3%	
Asian	0.1%					
Black or African American	0.3%			0.2%	0.1%	

Source: CCMC Data

# Demographics: CCMC Inpatient Data

- In 2019, Hispanic or Latino individuals made up nearly 30% of the population of Comanche County, but only 8.9% of inpatients from Comanche County came to CCMC to receive care.
- A critical CCMC community need is the provision of health services accessible to the Hispanic or Latino population, including the provision of Spanish language translators and education on health insurance options.

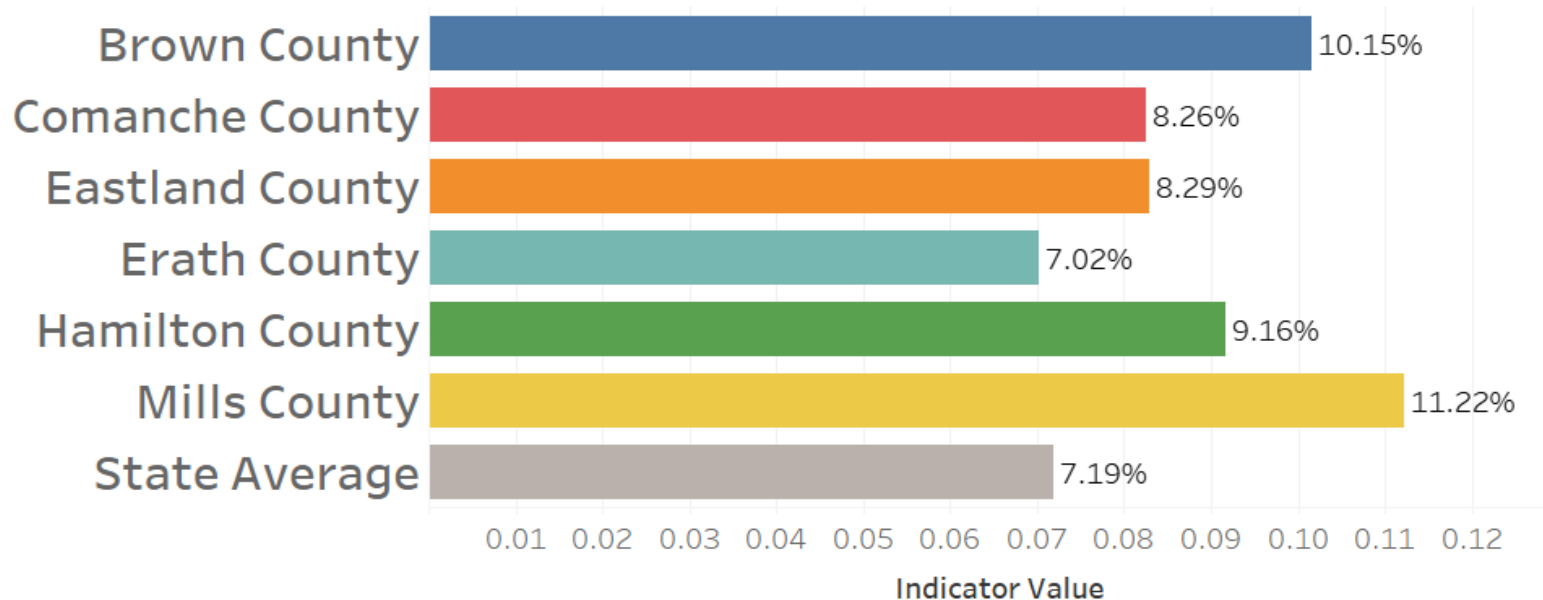
## Inpatient Population from Comanche County by Race

Race	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
White	92.2%	91.0%	86.3%	90.9%	89.9%	91.2%
Hispanic	7.0%	9.0%	13.3%	9.1%	8.9%	8.2%
Unknown	0.4%		0.4%		0.8%	0.3%
American Indian or Alaska Native						0.3%
Other					0.4%	
Asian	0.2%					
Black or African American	0.2%					

## Demographics: Share of Veterans

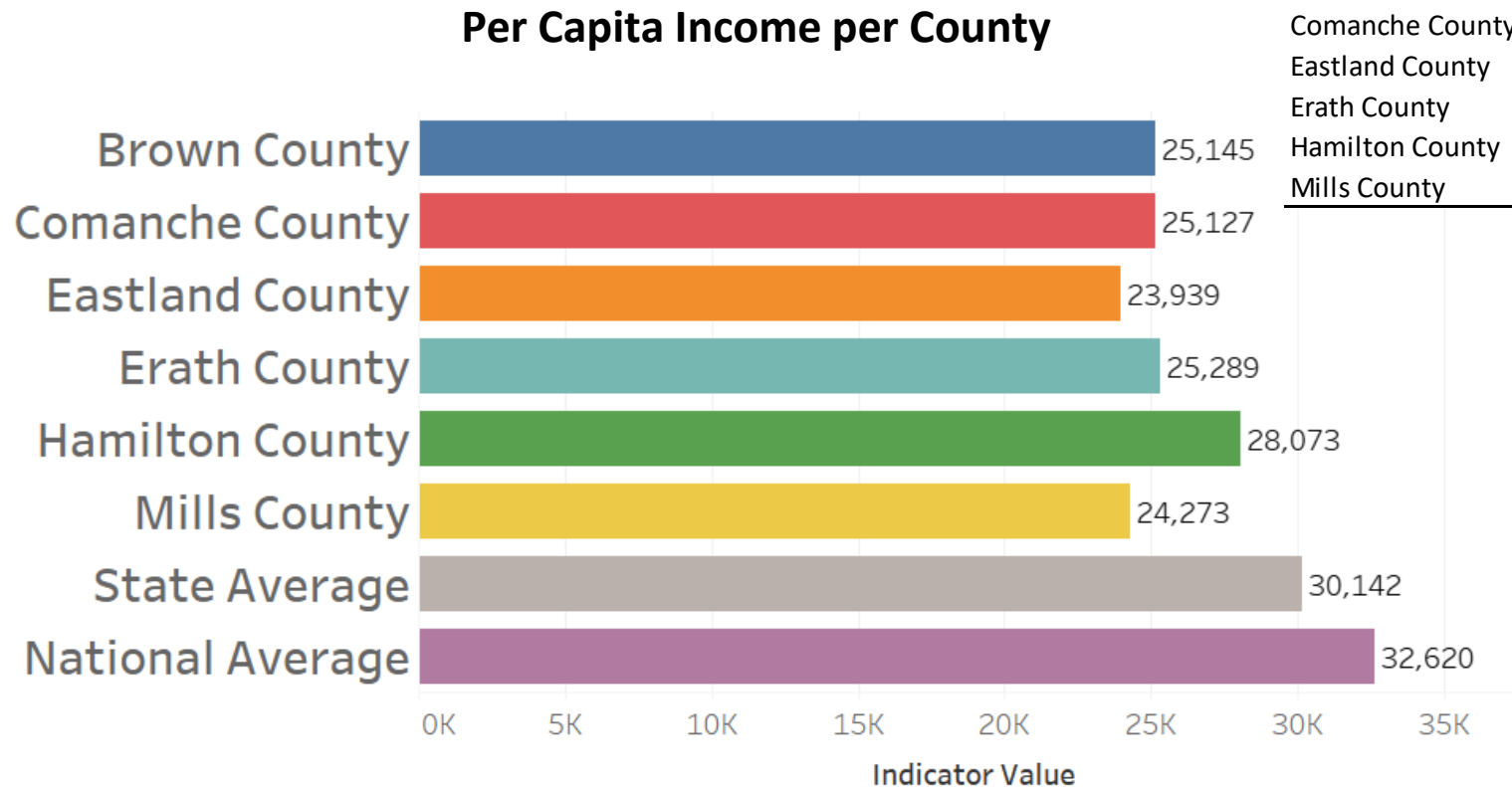
- 5 out of the 6 counties have a larger veteran population than the Texas state average, indicating a strong community need for veteran support services, such as VA services and behavioral health.
- Meeting veterans' needs would achieve the CCMC 2020-2025 Strategic Initiatives to "develop greater impact for VA support for our military veterans."

### Percentage of Total Population per County Who Are Veterans



# Demographics: Income

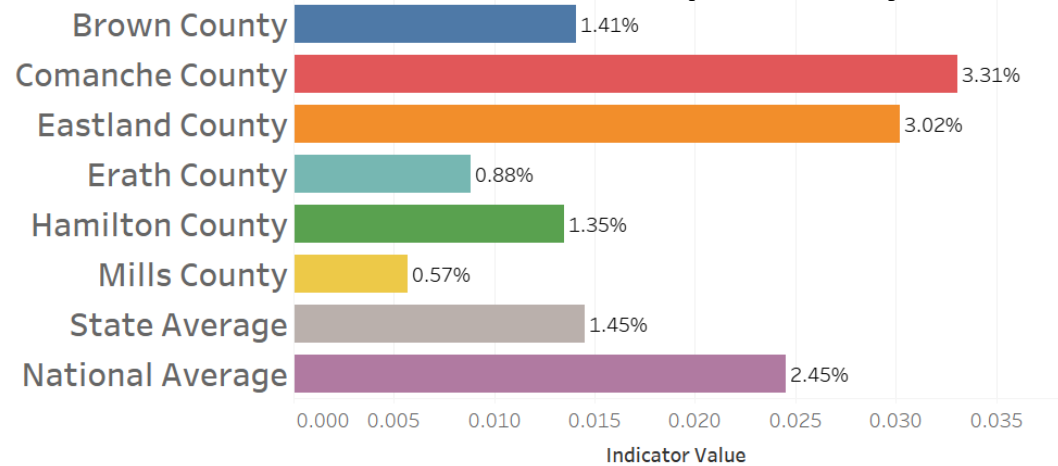
- Per capita income in all 6 counties falls below the Texas state average of \$30,142, and the US average of \$32,620.



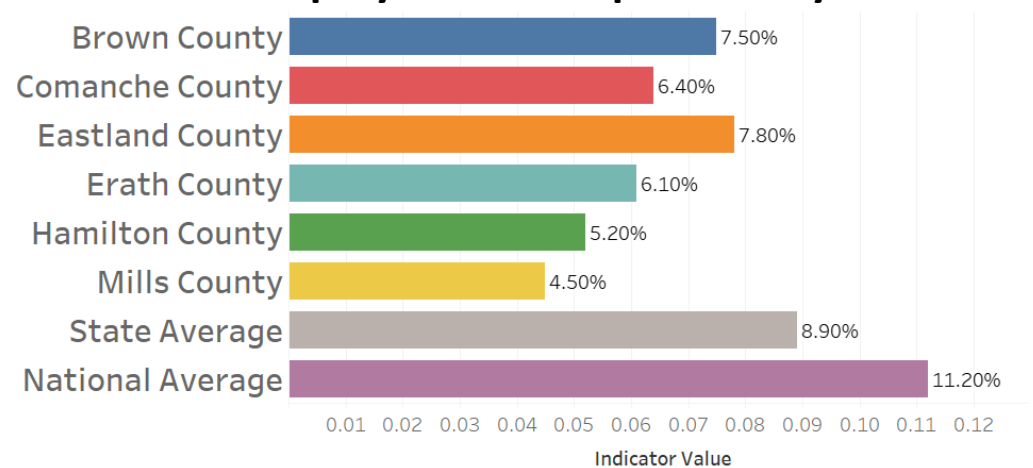
# Demographics: Public Assistance and Unemployment

- Comanche County (3.31%) and Eastland County (3.02%) have a higher share of households with Public Assistance Income than Texas state (1.45%) and national averages (2.45%).
- All 6 counties have an unemployment rate lower than both the Texas state and national averages.

### Public Assistance Income per County

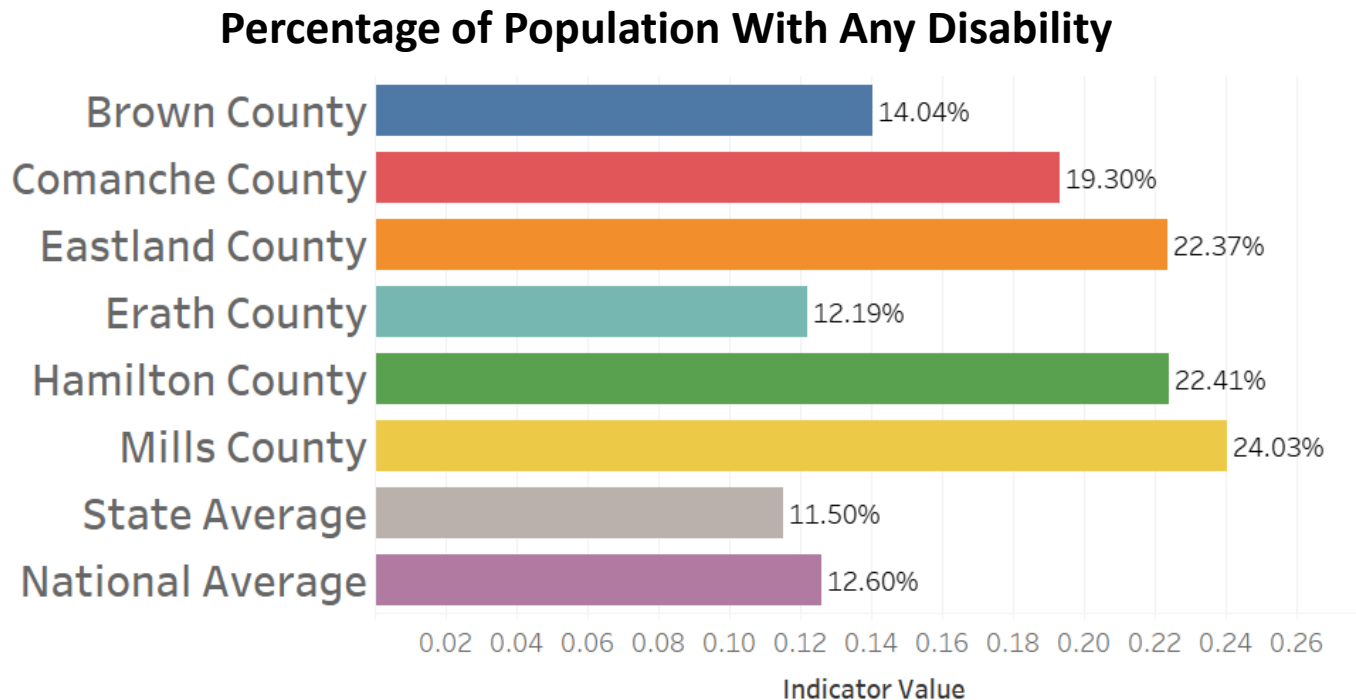


### Unemployment Rate per County



# Demographics: Disability

- All 6 counties are above both Texas state and national averages for percentage of population with any disability.
- This is an indicator of a strong need in the community to support this vulnerable population and requires additional targeted services and outreach which could include transportation or social support.







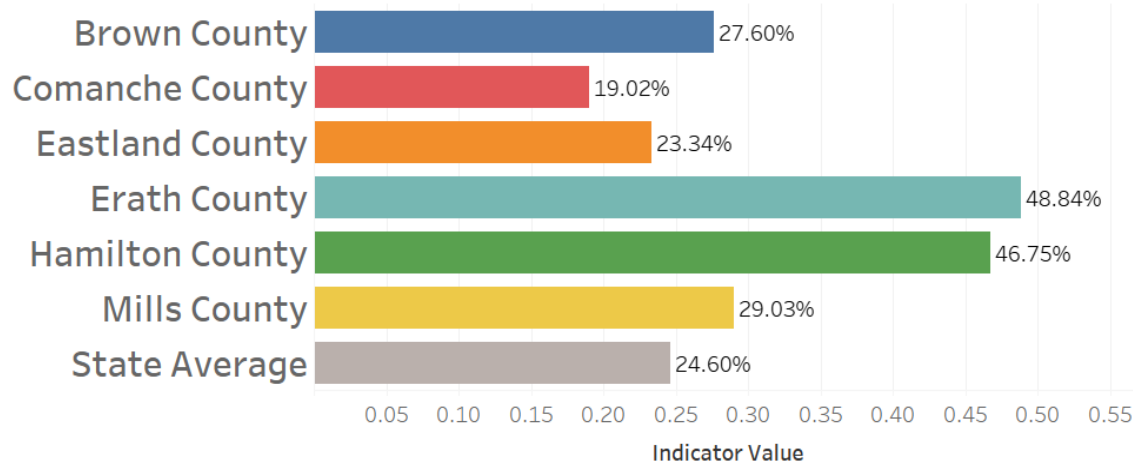
# POPULATION HEALTH DATA



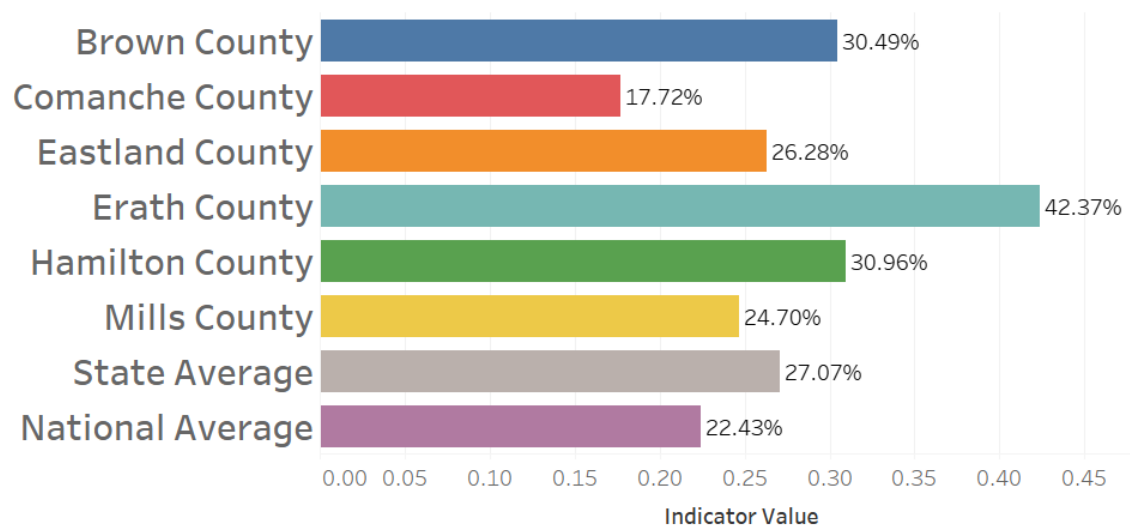
# Population Health Data: Food Access

- 4 out of 6 counties have a higher population than the state average with low income and low food access.
- 5 out of 6 counties have a higher population than the national average with low food access.
- 3 out of 6 counties have a higher population than the state average with low food access.

## Percentage of Population with Low Income and Low Food Access

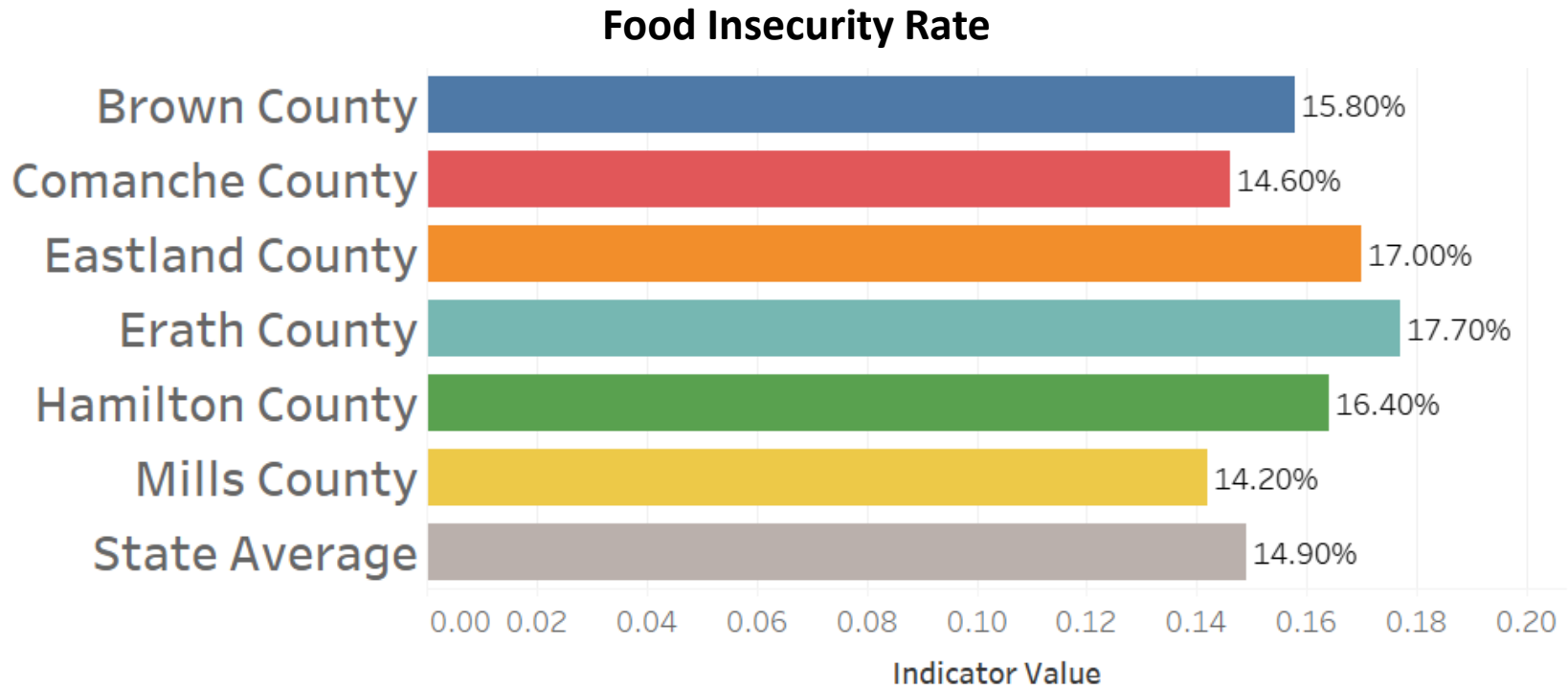


## Percentage of Population with Low Food Access



# Population Health Data: Food Insecurity

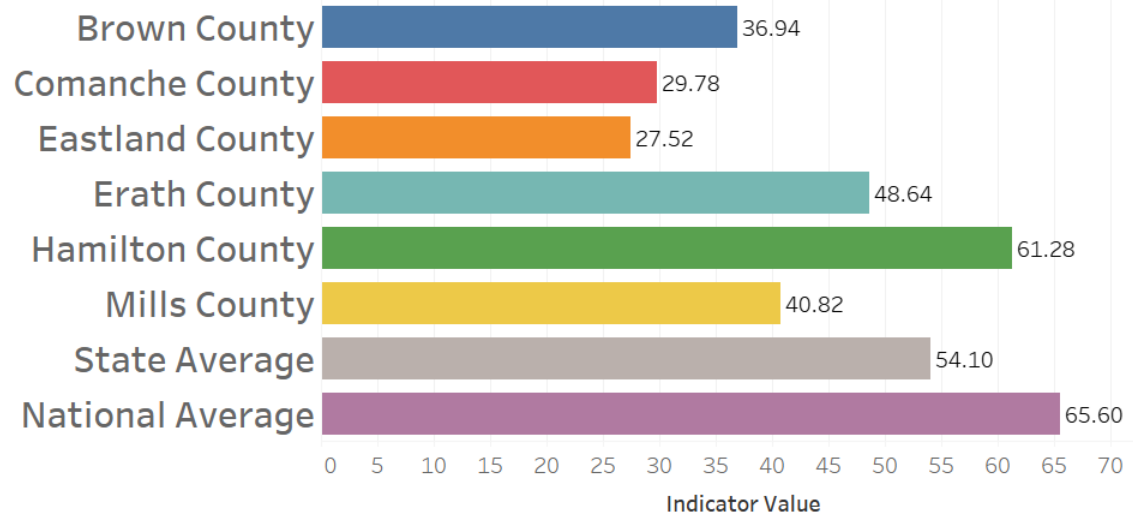
- 4 out of 6 counties have higher food insecurity rates than the state average.
- The data shows a need for greater food access and security in the CCMC community.



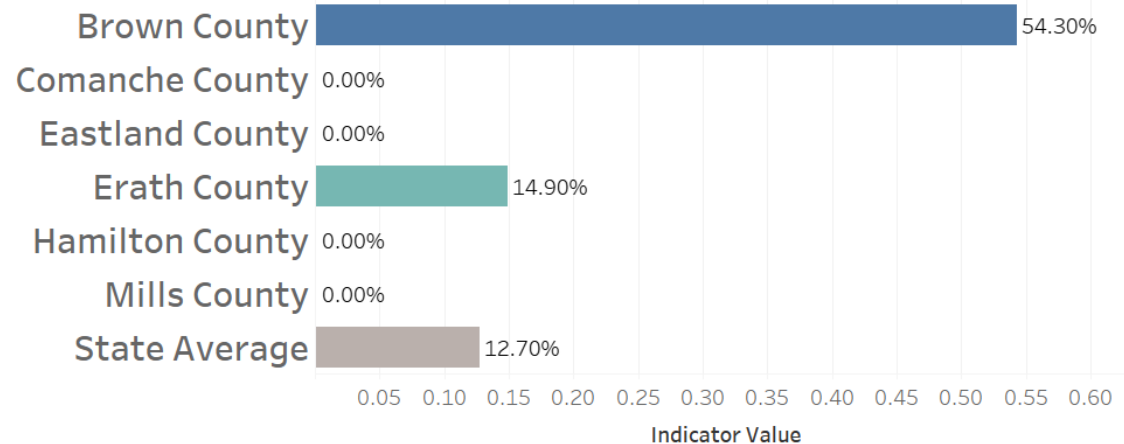
# Population Health Data: Access to Dentists

- Access to dentists is lower than both national and state averages in all counties except Hamilton County.
- Only 2 counties (Brown, and Erath) measure the percentage of adult population with poor dental health, both are over the state average.
- Limited access to dentists is an issue in the CCMC community. The community would benefit from adding a free/low-cost dental clinic or adding a dentist.

## Access to Dentists, Rate per 100,000 Individuals



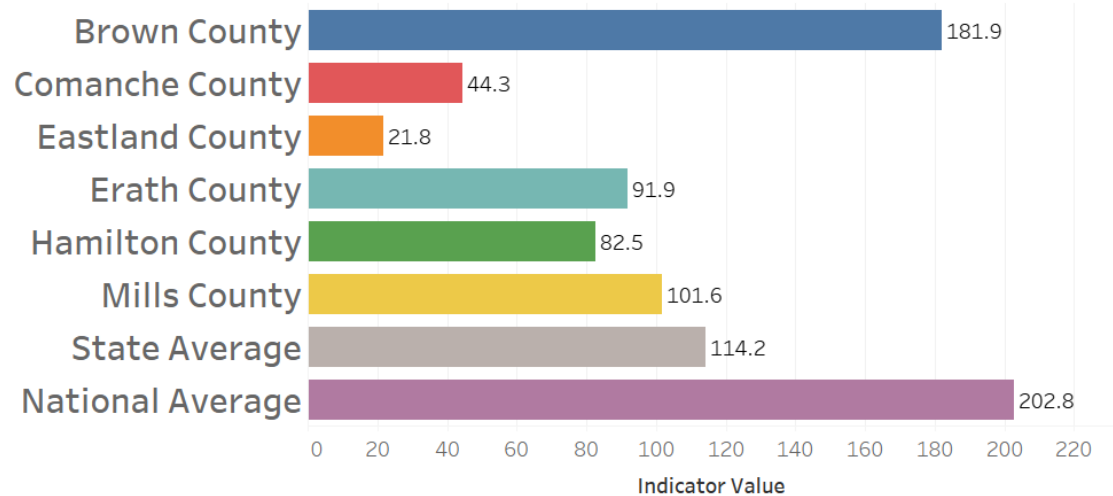
## Percentage of Adult Population with Poor Dental Health



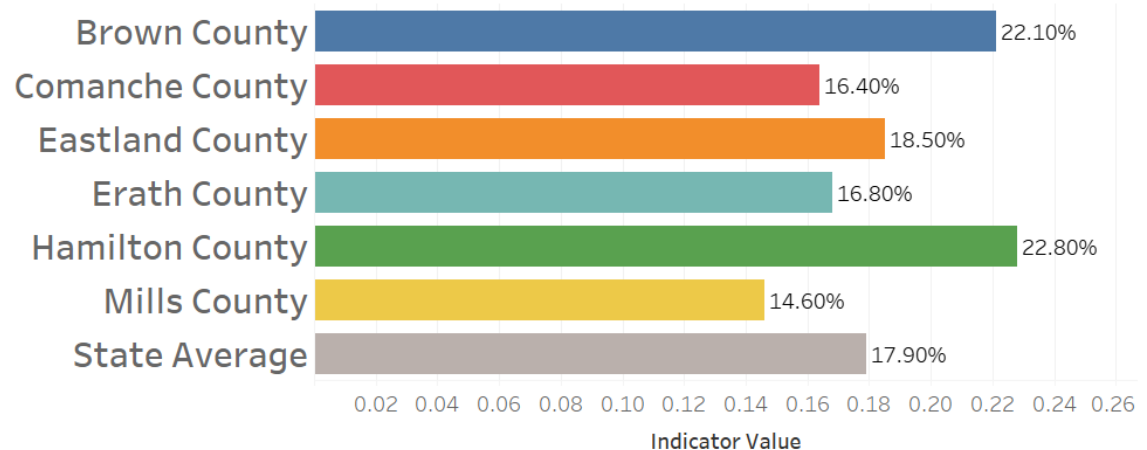
# Population Health Data: Access to Mental Health Providers

- The rate of mental health care providers available in the 6 counties is considerably lower than the national average and lower than the state average in all counties but Brown County.
- Comanche County has the second lowest mental health care provider rate out of the 6 county service area.
- Depression within the Medicare population is higher than the state average in 3 counties.
- There is inconclusive data for all counties on alcohol consumption.
- The data exemplifies a need in the CCMC community for increased access to mental health providers.

## Mental Health Care Provider Rate per 100,000 Individuals



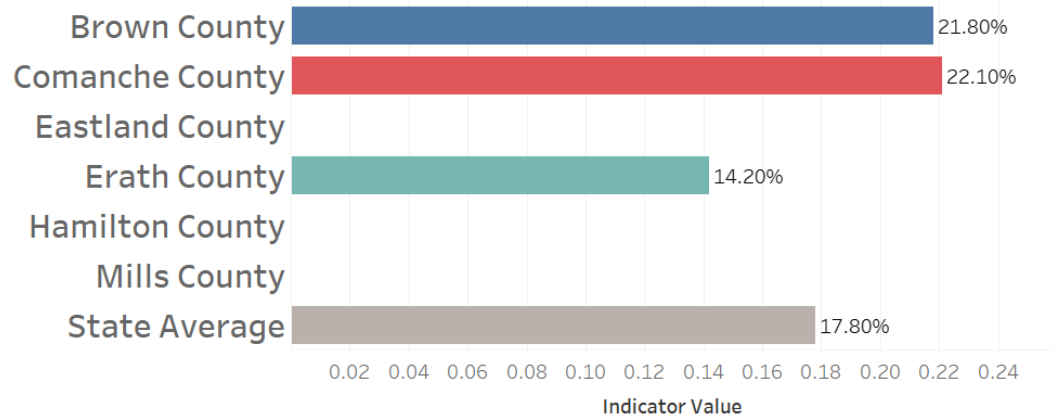
## Percentage of Medicare Population with Depression



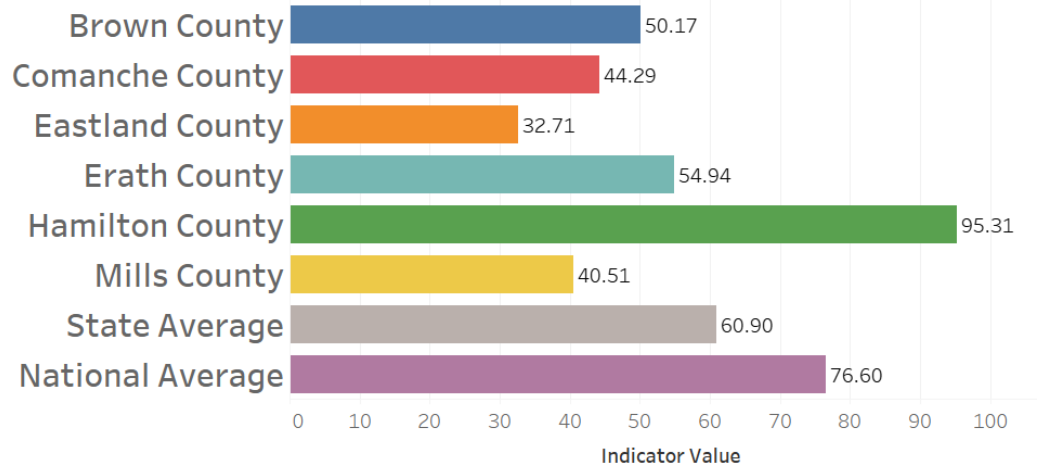
# Population Health Data: Access to Primary Care

- As of 2017, the most recent year of data available, the number of primary care providers in all counties, with the exception of Hamilton, fall below both state and national averages. There is a shortage of primary care providers in the CCMC community.
- Those counties that did report the percentage of adults with fair or poor health showed percentages above the state average.
- The data suggests a need for increased access to primary care. Increasing access to primary care could improve the overall health of the community and have a significant effect on other health outcomes including obesity, high cholesterol, and other factors contributing to chronic illnesses.

**Age-Adjusted Percentage of Adults with Fair or Poor Health**

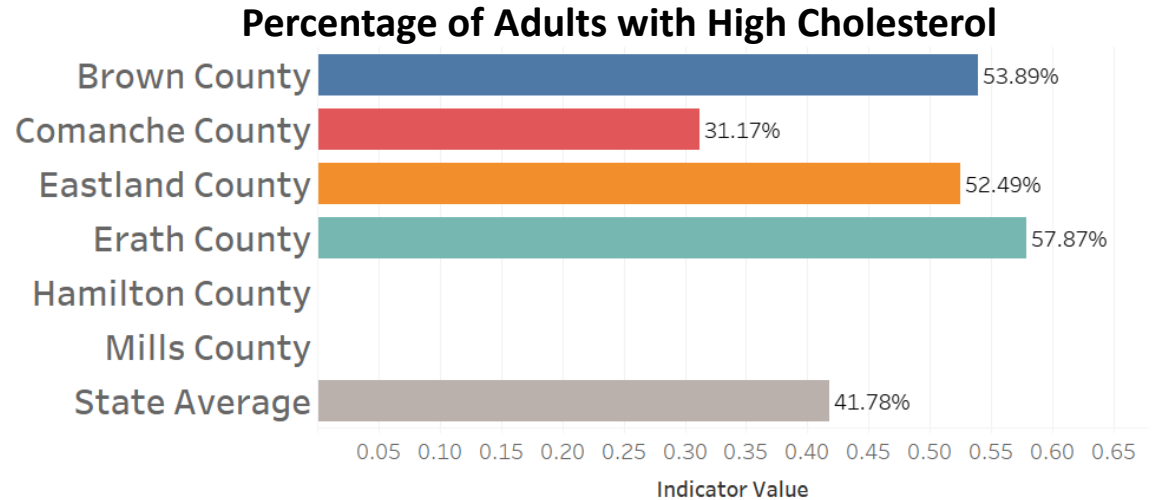


**Primary Care Physicians, Rate per 100,000 Individuals**

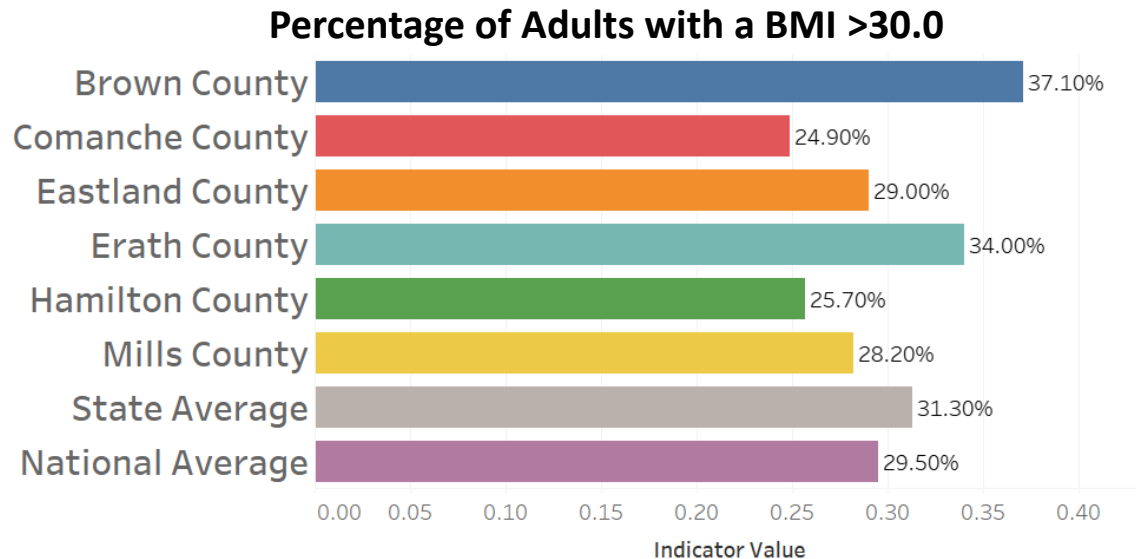


# Population Health Data: Obesity and High Cholesterol

- 3 out of 4 counties reported a higher percentage of adults with high cholesterol than the Texas state average; Comanche County is below the state average.



- Only 2 counties, Brown and Erath, have a higher percentage of adults with a body mass index over 30.0, than state or national averages.

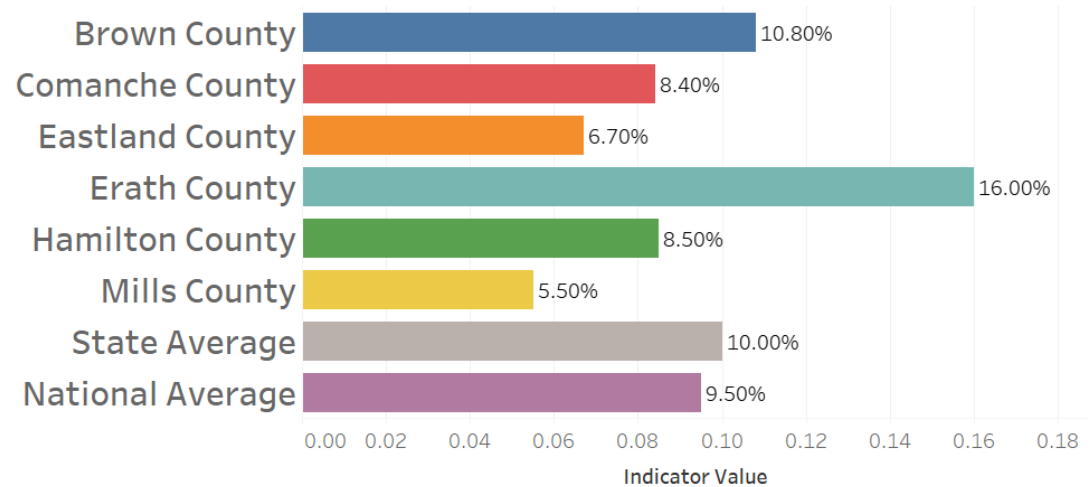




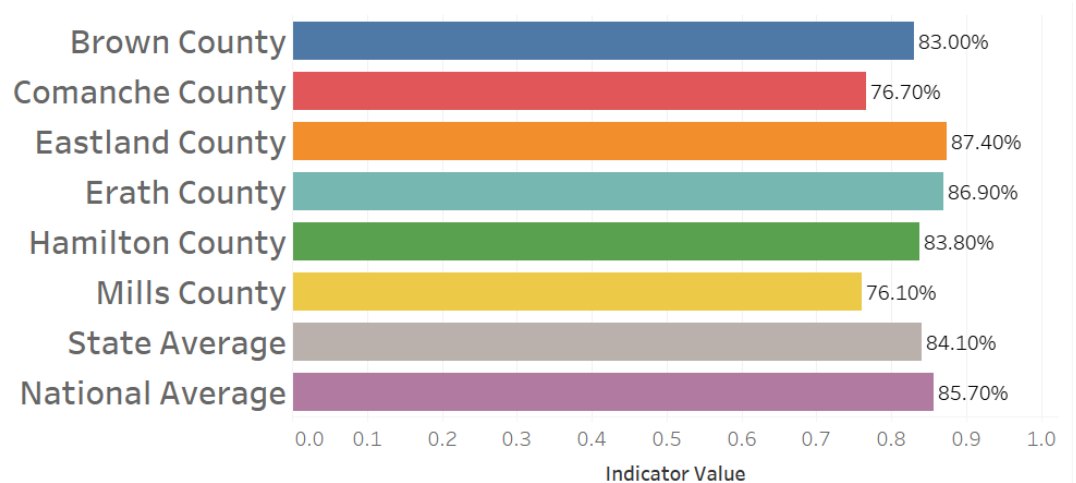
# Population Health Data: Diabetes

- The CCMC community has lower incidence of diabetes, with only two counties above the state and national average.
- The percentage of Medicare enrollees with diabetes who get an annual exam is below state and national averages in 4 counties.
- Overall, the CCMC community has a lower incidence of diagnosed diabetes. Individuals with diabetes in the Medicare population have rates in line with the state and national averages for annual exams.

## Age-Adjusted Adults with Diagnosed Diabetes



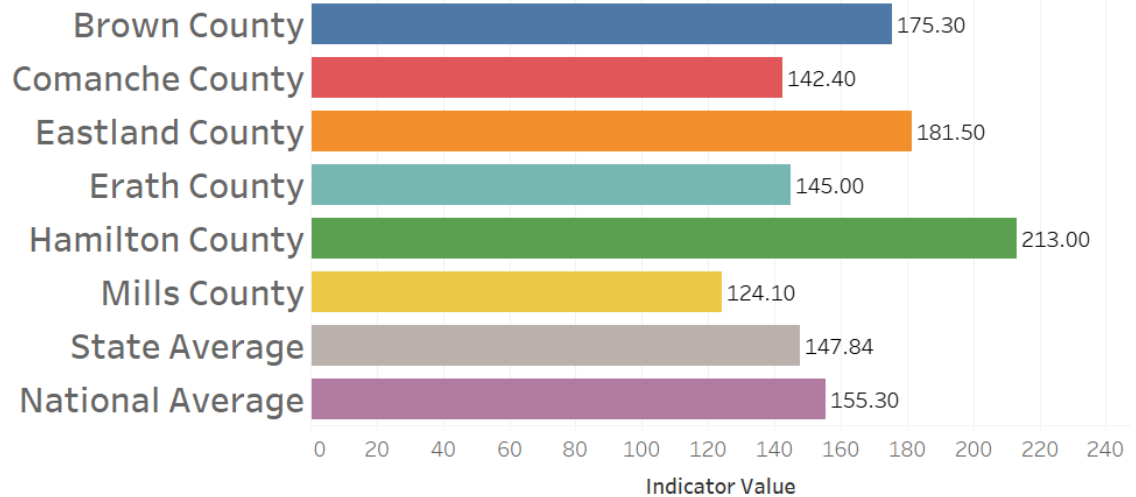
## Percentage of Medicare Enrollees with Diabetes with Annual Exam



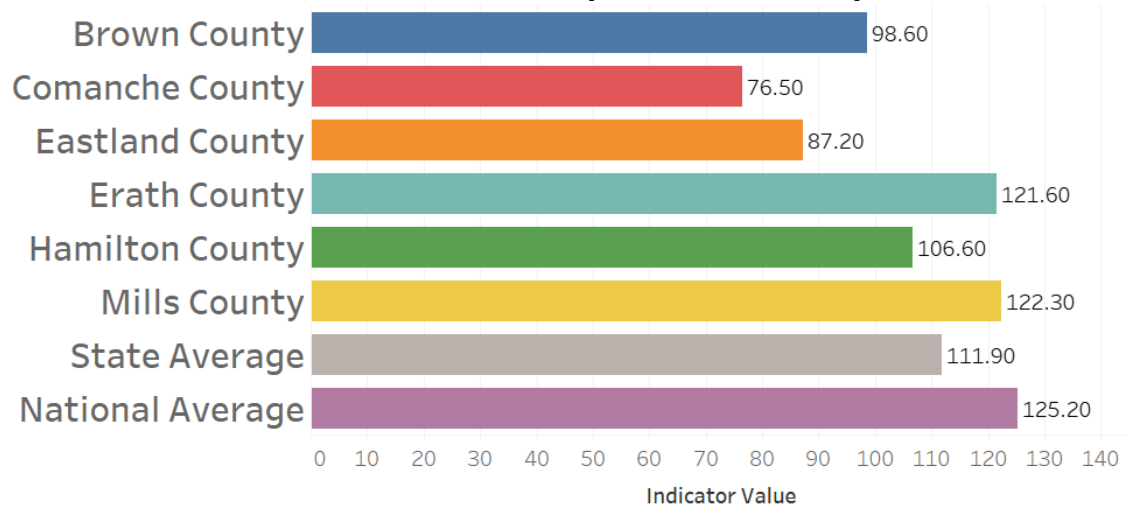
# Population Health Data: Cancer Incidence & Mortality Rates

- 3 counties in the CCMC community Brown, Eastland, and Hamilton have a cancer mortality rate that is above state and national averages.
- 2 counties in the CCMC community, Erath and Mills, have a higher cancer incidence rate than the state average but fall beneath national averages.
- Brown, Eastland, and Hamilton counties have low incidence of cancer, but high death rates from cancer. Increased screenings and access to cancer care is a need in these areas to identify what is influencing these rates.

## Age-Adjusted Cancer Mortality Rate per 100,000 Population



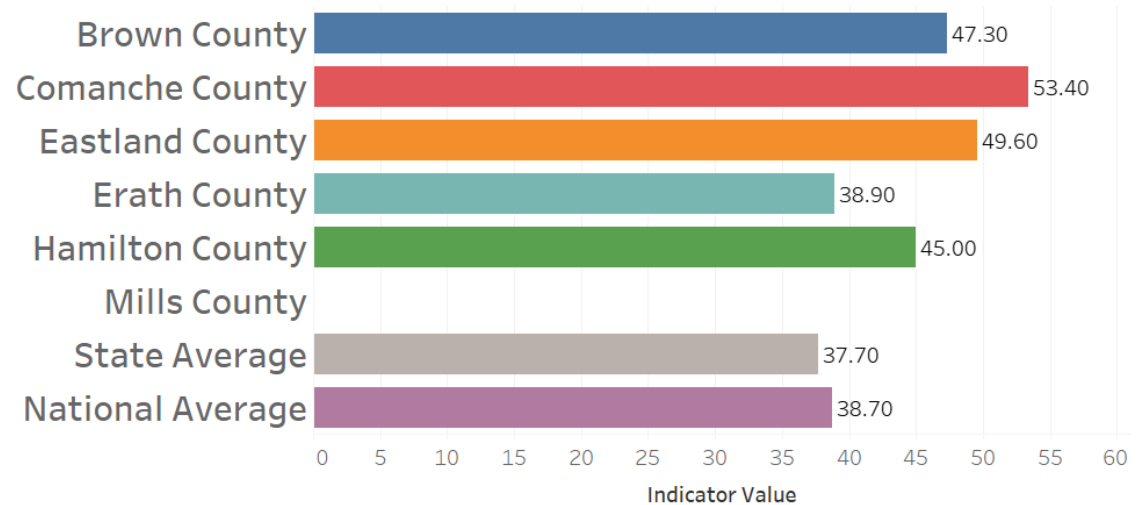
## Cancer Incidence Rate per 100,000 Population



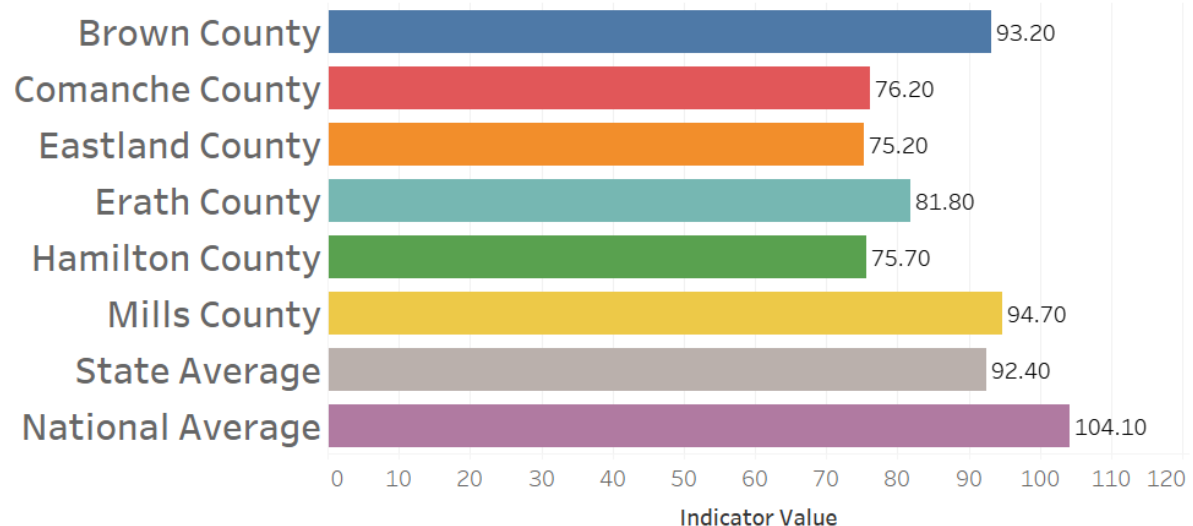
# Population Health Data: Colon, Rectum and Prostate Cancer

- Incidence of colon and rectum cancer is above both state and national averages in all counties in the CCMC community that reported data.
- Only 2 counties, Brown and Mills, reported a higher incidence rate of prostate cancer than the state. All counties were below the national prostate cancer incidence rate.
- The high incidence of colon and rectum cancer signals a need for increased screenings.

**Colon and Rectum Cancer Incidence Rate**



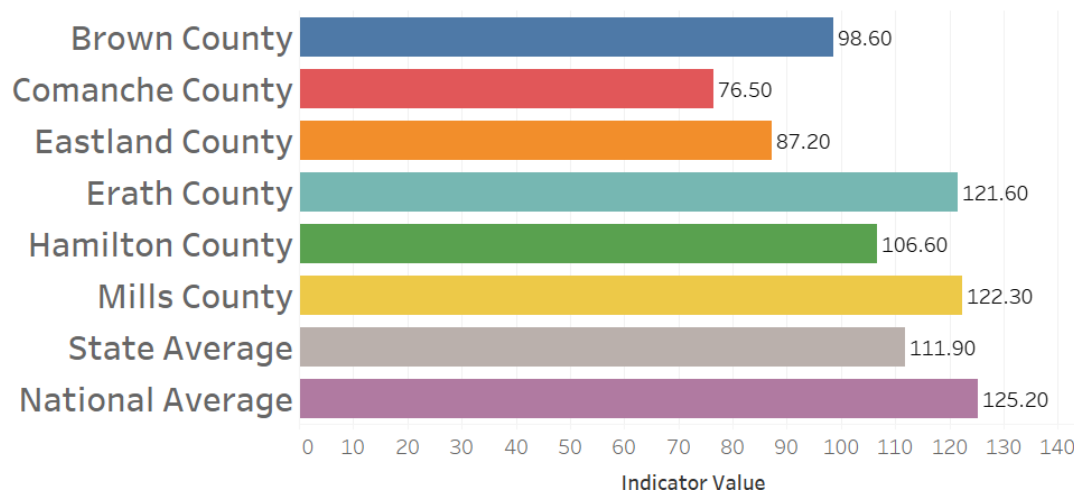
**Prostate Cancer Incidence Rate**



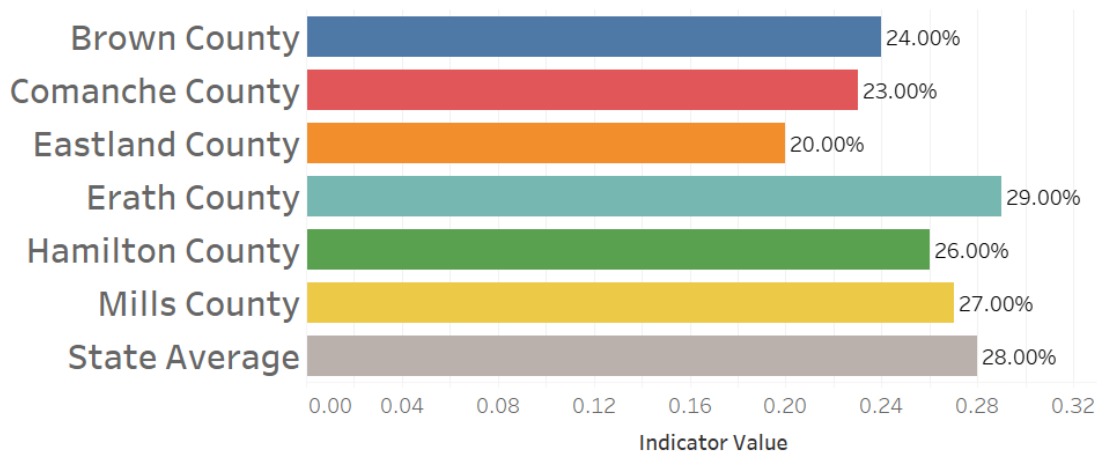
# Population Health Data: Breast Cancer

- All counties in the CCMC community have a lower breast cancer incidence rate than the national average. Only Erath and Mills county have a higher incidence rate than the Texas state average.
- Mammogram cancer screening rates are below the Texas state average in all counties except Erath.
- There is a strong need in the CCMC community to increase mammogram screenings. Low screening rates could indicate that there are many breast cancer cases going unreported leading to lower incidence rates in counties and undiagnosed breast cancers.

## Breast Cancer Incidence Rate per 100,000 Population



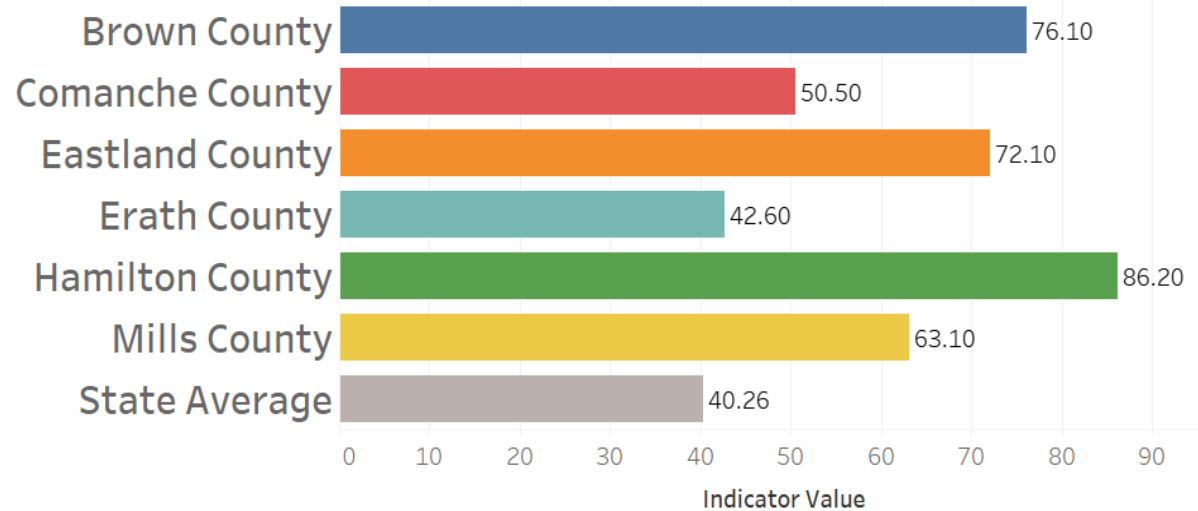
## Females with Recent Mammogram Cancer Screening



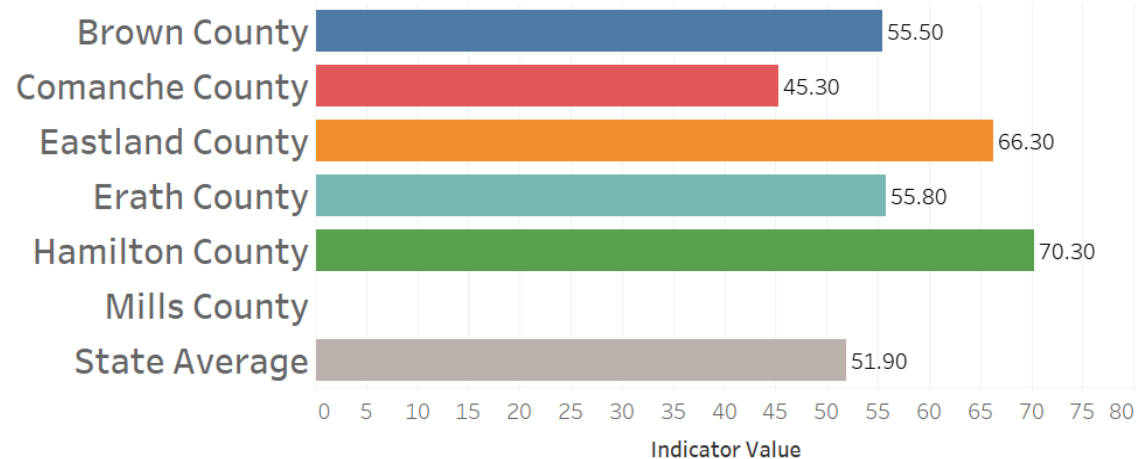
# Population Health Data: Lung Cancer/Lung Disease

- All counties have a lung disease incidence rate above the Texas state average, with Hamilton County more than double the state average.
- With the exception of Comanche and Mills counties, all other counties have a lung cancer incidence rate that is above the Texas state average.
- The high incidence rate of both lung disease and lung cancer indicate a need for increased screening, smoking cessation programs, and robust inpatient and outpatient pulmonary services.

**Lung Disease Incidence Rate per 100,000 Population**



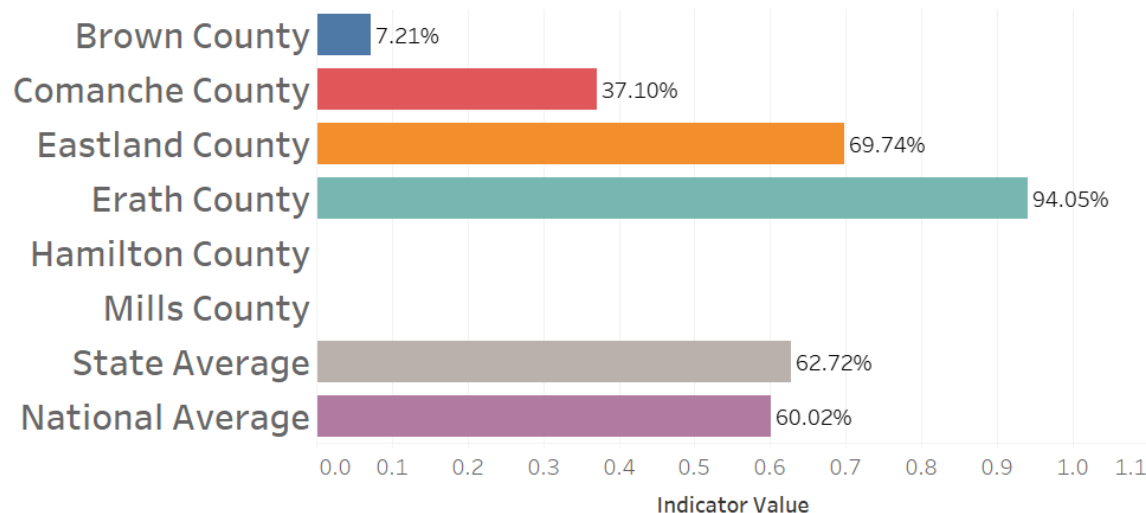
**Lung Cancer Incidence Rate per 100,000 Population**



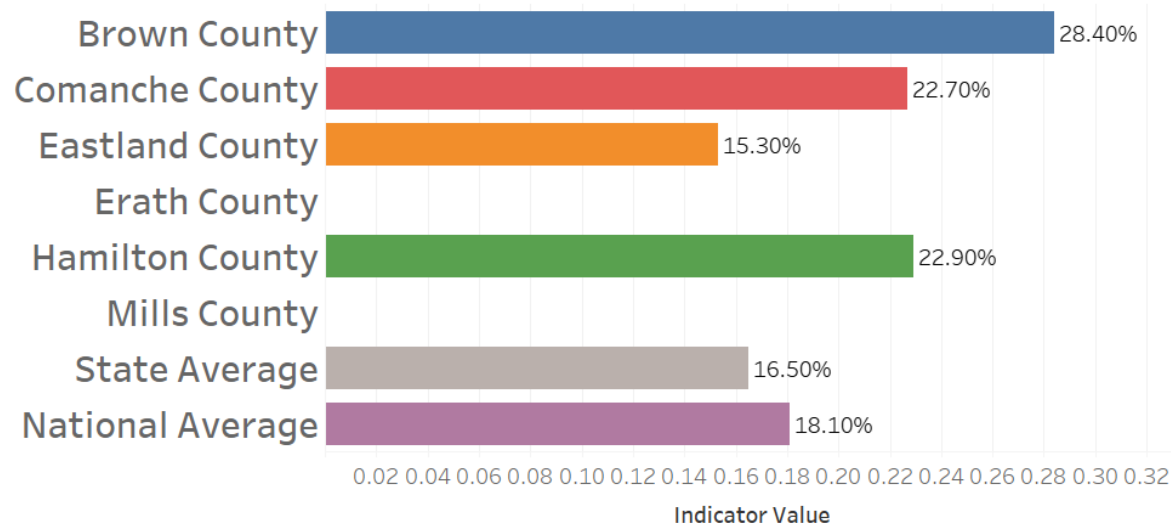
# Population Health Data: Tobacco Usage

- High rates of lung cancer and lung disease can be attributed to high tobacco use.
- Brown, Comanche, and Hamilton County have a higher percentage of smokers than state and national averages.
- Brown and Comanche County have low rates of quit attempts coupled with a high percentage of current smokers. Hamilton has a high rate of current smokers but no data on quit attempts.
- Tobacco cessation programs are a need for the CCMC community to help reduce lung cancer and lung disease incidence.

## Tobacco Usage – Quit Attempt



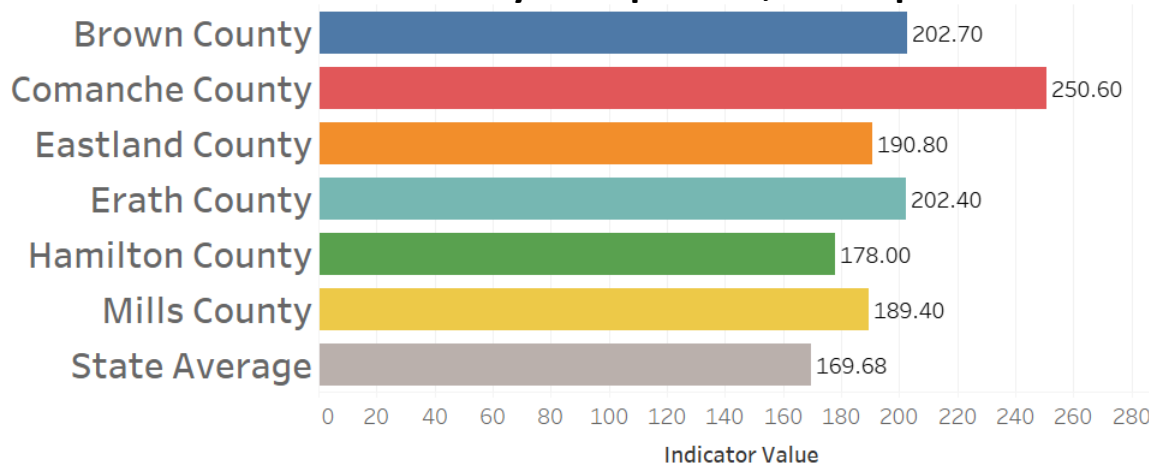
## Percentage of Population Smoking Cigarettes



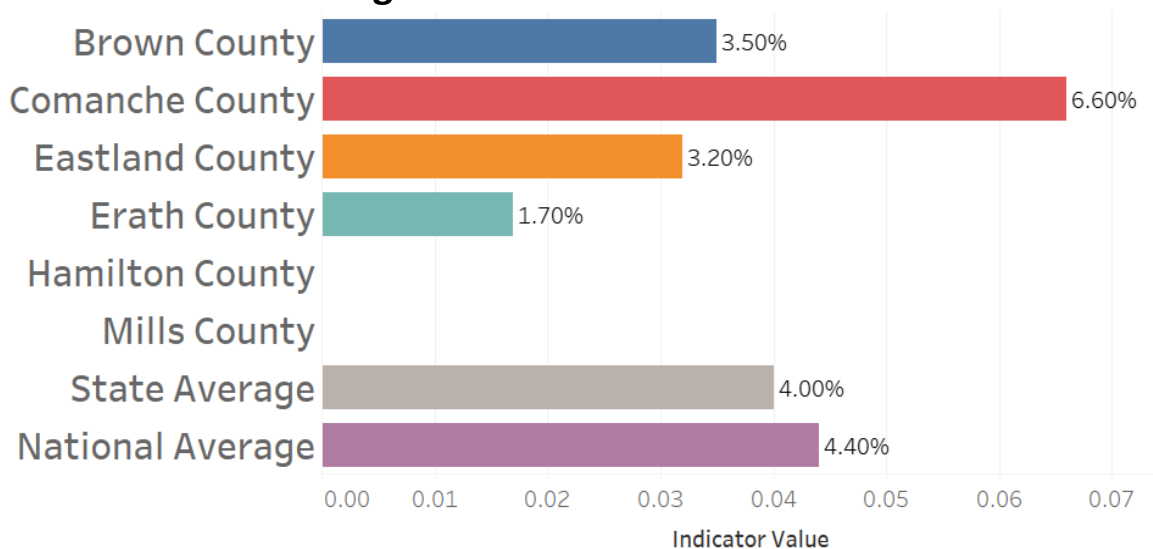
# Population Health Data: Heart Disease

- The CCMC community has a much higher-than-state-average heart disease mortality rate.
- 3 counties have low percentages of adults with heart disease.
- Comanche County has the highest percentage of adults with heart disease per county (6.6%), and the highest heart disease mortality rates.
- Management and prevention of heart disease is needed for the CCMC community and Comanche County specifically.

**Heart Disease Mortality Rate per 100,000 Population**



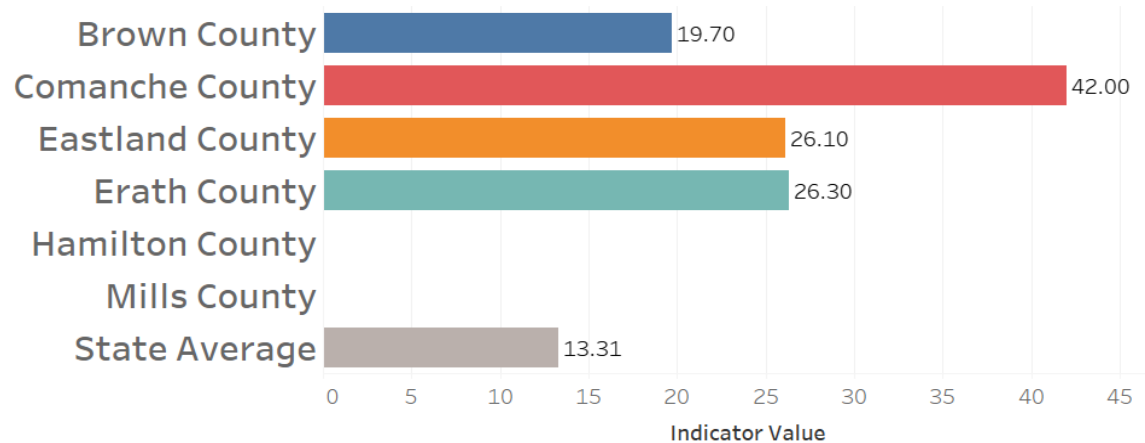
**Percentage of Adults with Heart Disease**



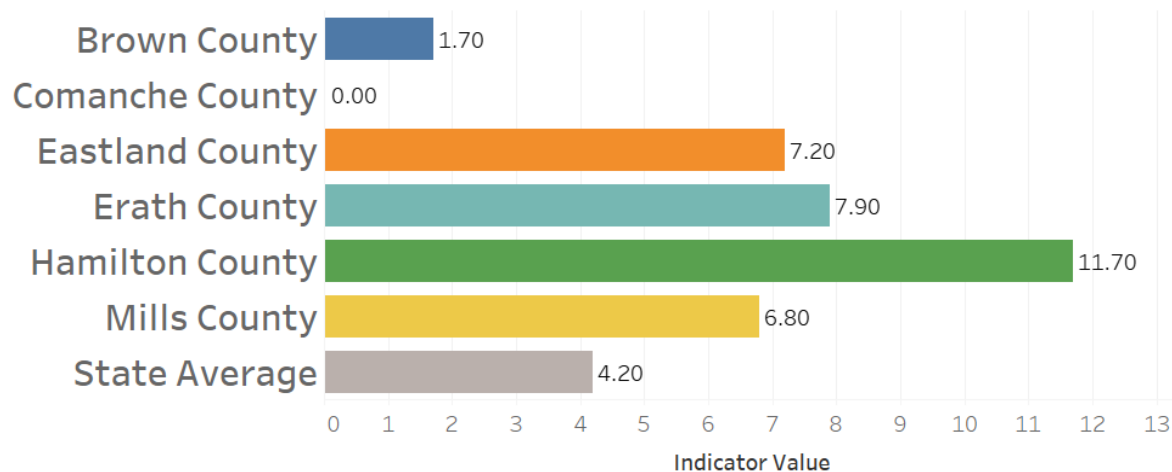
# Population Health Data: Motor Vehicle Crash Mortality

- There is an extremely high motor vehicle mortality rate in the CCMC community. Eastland and Erath counties have more than double the state average, with Comanche County more than triple.
- Pedestrian motor vehicle crash mortality rates are also above state average in four counties, with Hamilton more than double the state average.
- No counties submitted alcohol consumption rates, which could be a cause of these high mortality rates. CCMC and other stakeholders consider should further examining what is causing these extreme mortality rates. Take time to develop solutions to reduce the loss of life from more vehicle accidents.

**Motor Vehicle Crash Mortality Rate per 100,000 Population**



**Pedestrian Motor Vehicle Crash Mortality Rate per 100,000 Population**

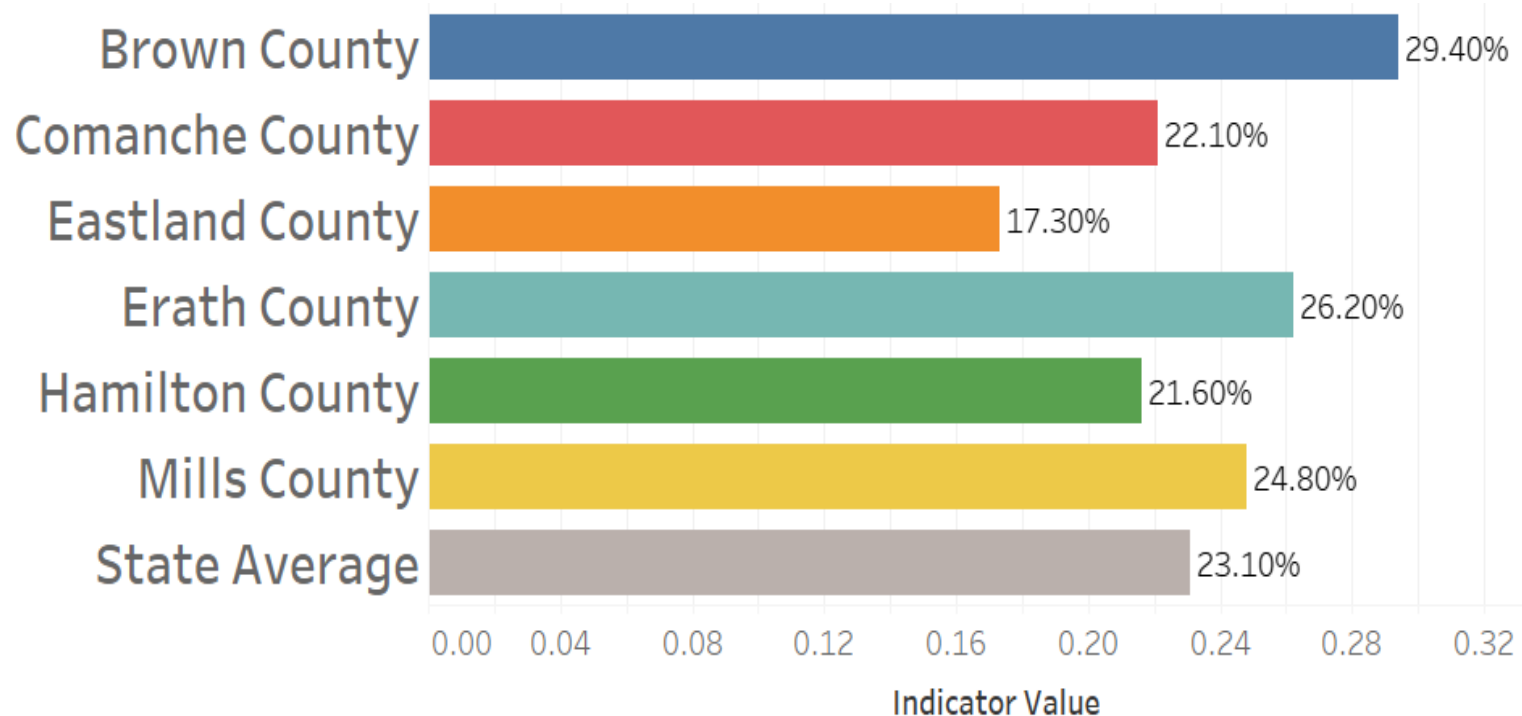




# Population Health Data: Physical Activity

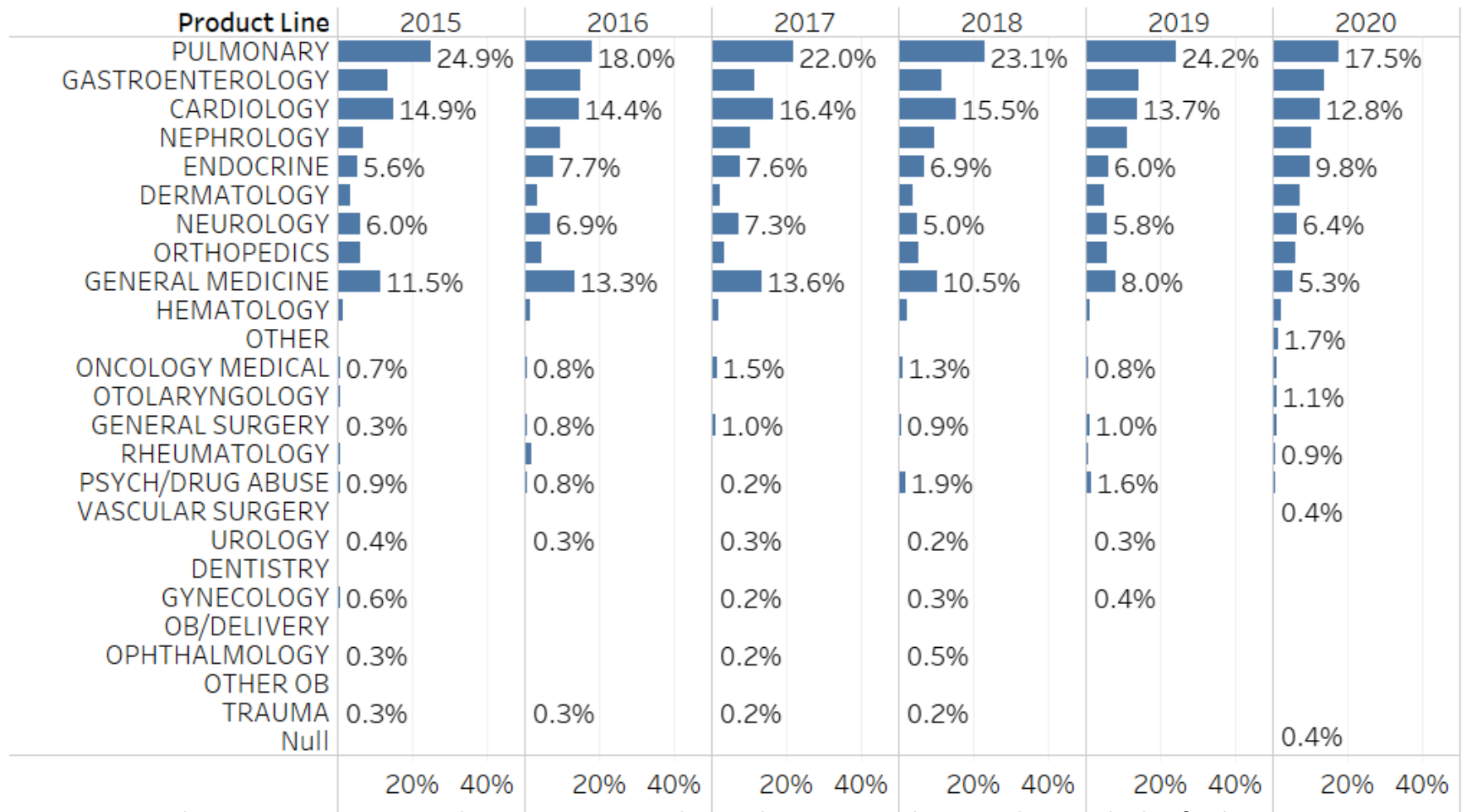
- 3 out of 6 counties have a higher percentage than the state average of adults with no physical activity.
- This indicator is self-reported based on the question: "During the past month, other than your regular job, did you participate in any physical activities or exercises such as running, calisthenics, golf, gardening, or walking for exercise?"

## Percentage of Adults with No Physical Activity



# Population Health Data: Inpatient Services at CCMC

Percentage of patients using inpatient product lines at CCMC by year.



- Pulmonary services are the most commonly used at CCMC. This matches with the findings pertaining to high incidence of lung disease and lung cancer. Cardiology services are the second most use, which also correlates with heart disease incidence.

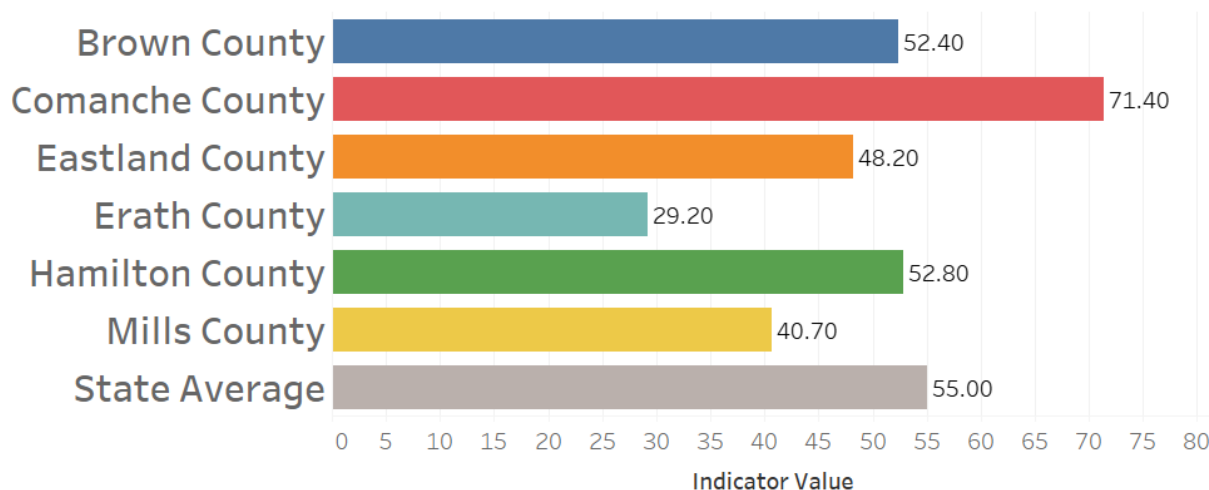
# CHILD HEALTH



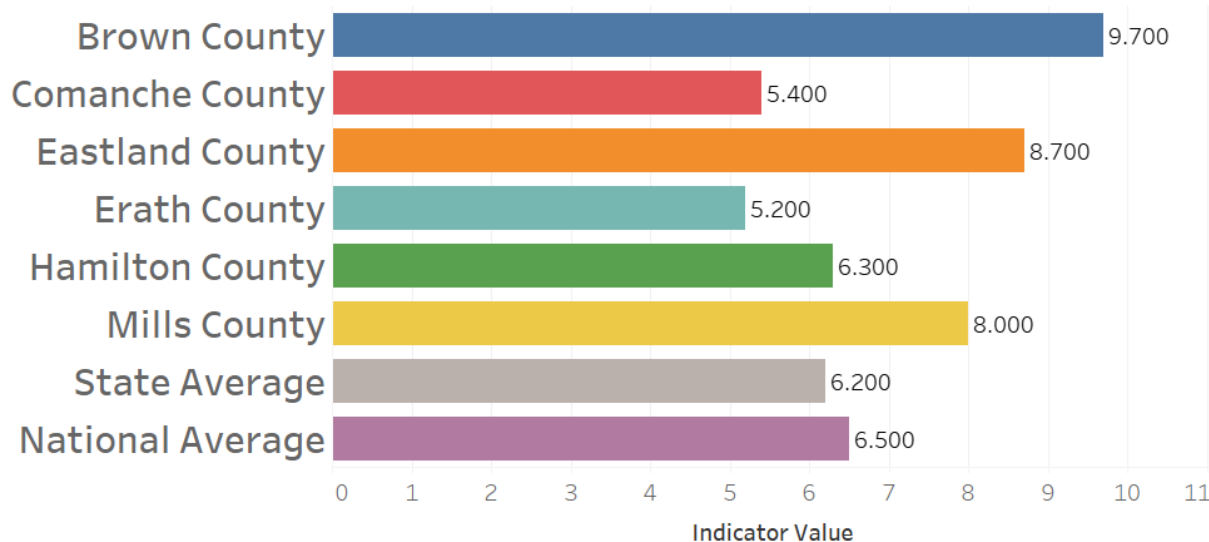
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# Child Health: Infant Mortality

## Teen Birth Rates per 1,000 Population



## Infant Mortality Rate per 1,000 Births



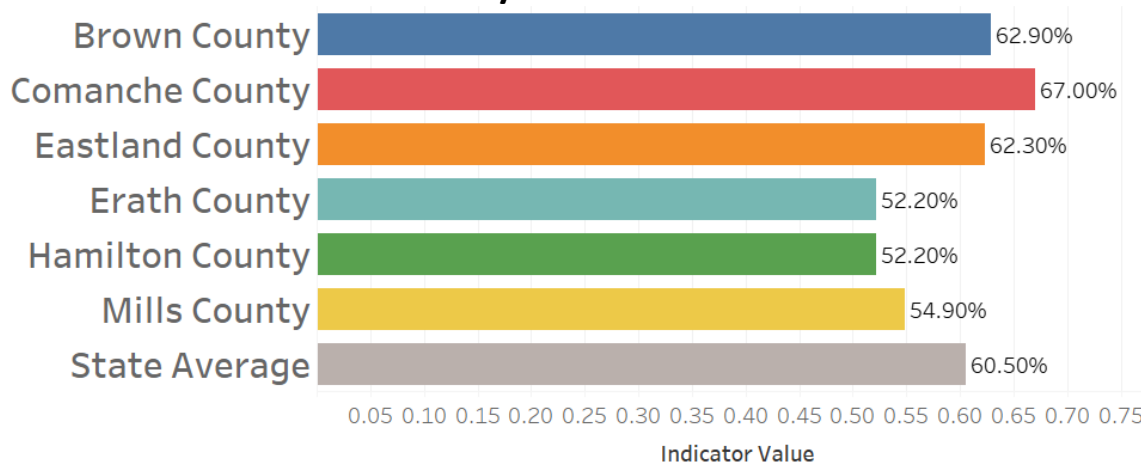
Source: Community Commons

- Comanche County is the only county in the CCMC community that has teen birth rates over the state average.
- 4 out of 6 counties have higher than the state average infant mortality rates.
- Education around family planning and women's health is needed in the CCMC community.

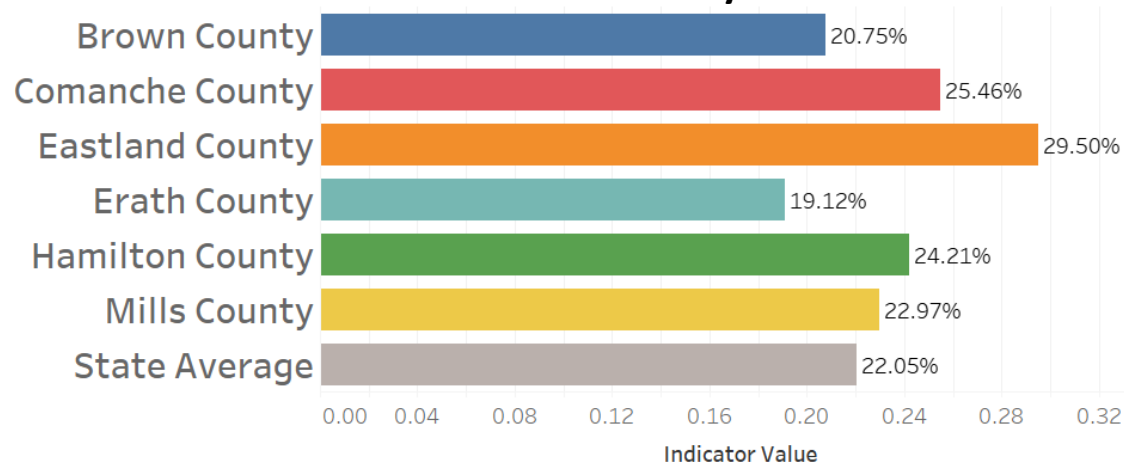
# Child Health: Children in Poverty

- 3 counties have a higher percentage of children eligible for free/reduced price lunch than the state average.
- 4 out of 6 counties have a higher percentage of children below 100% of the federal poverty level.

**Percentage of Children Eligible for Free/Reduced Price Lunch**



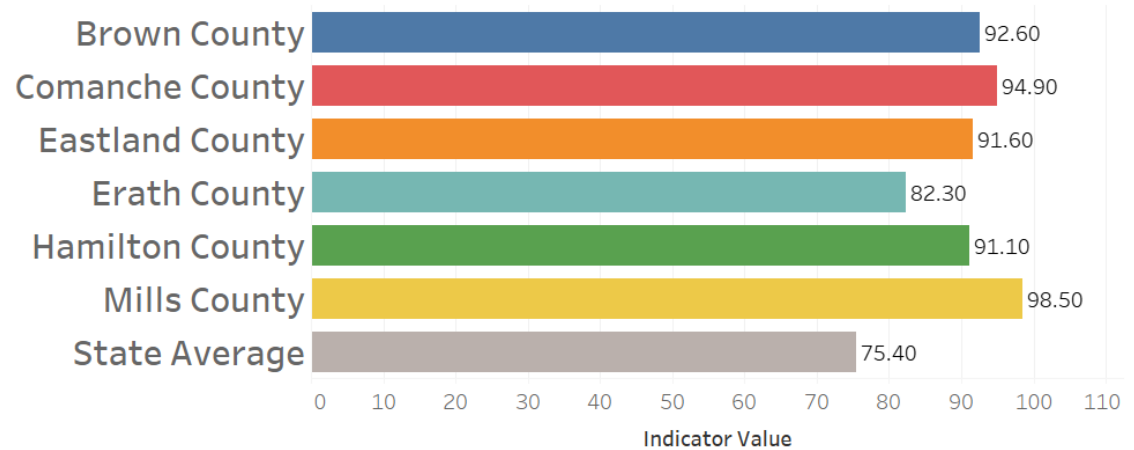
**Percent of Children Below 100% Federal Poverty Level**



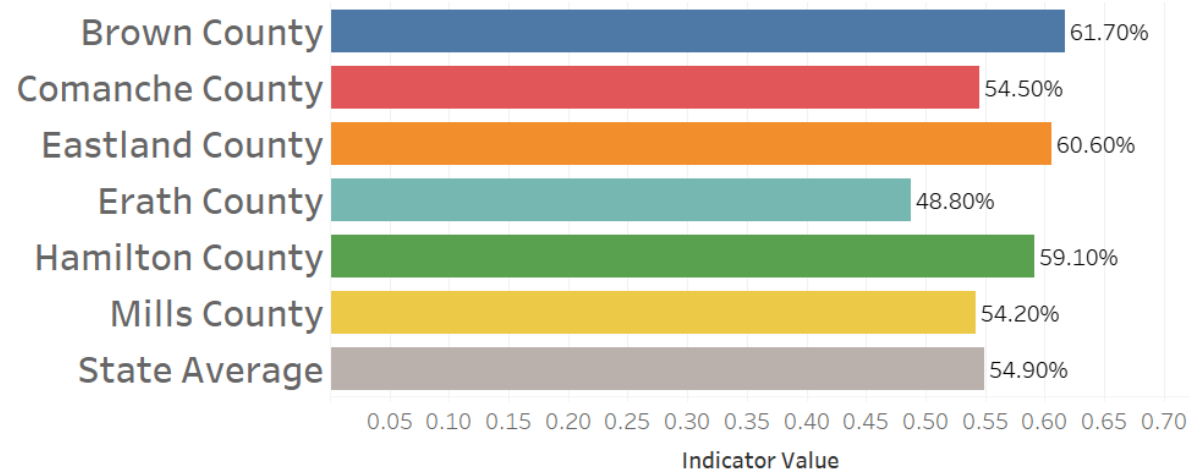
# Child Health: Child Education

- All counties in the CCMC community have a higher than state average on time high school graduation rate.
- However, 3 counties are higher than the state average for number of students scoring below 'Not Proficient' reading level.

**On Time High School Graduation Rate**



**Percentage of Students Scoring Below 'Not Proficient' Reading Level**





# ISSUES AFFECTING HEALTHCARE ACCESS



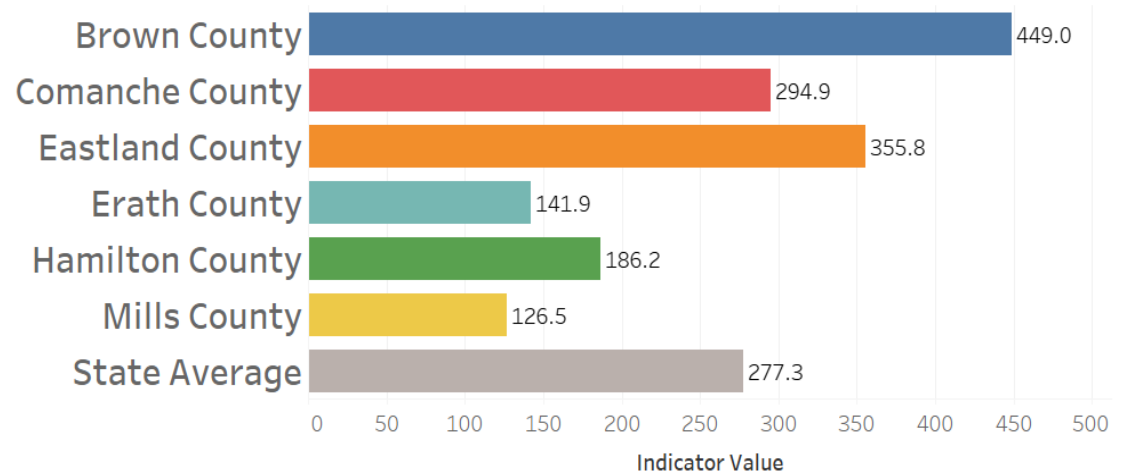
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# Issues Affecting Healthcare Access:

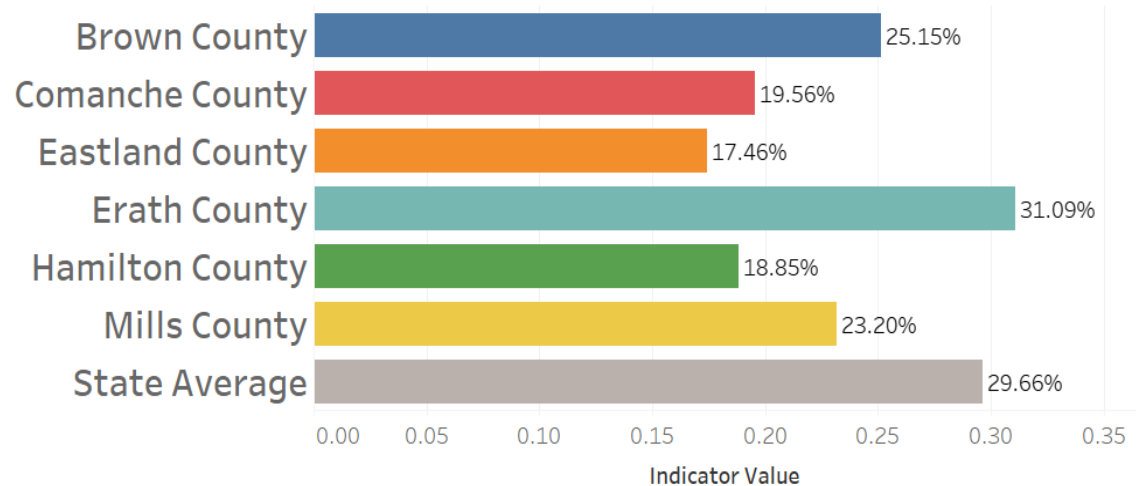
## Housing

- 3 out of 6 counties have fewer assisted housing units than the state average.
- Only Erath County has a higher percentage of cost-burdened households than the state average.

**Assisted Housing Units, Rate per 10,000 Housing Units**



**Cost Burdened Households Percentage (Housing Costs Exceed 30% of Income)**



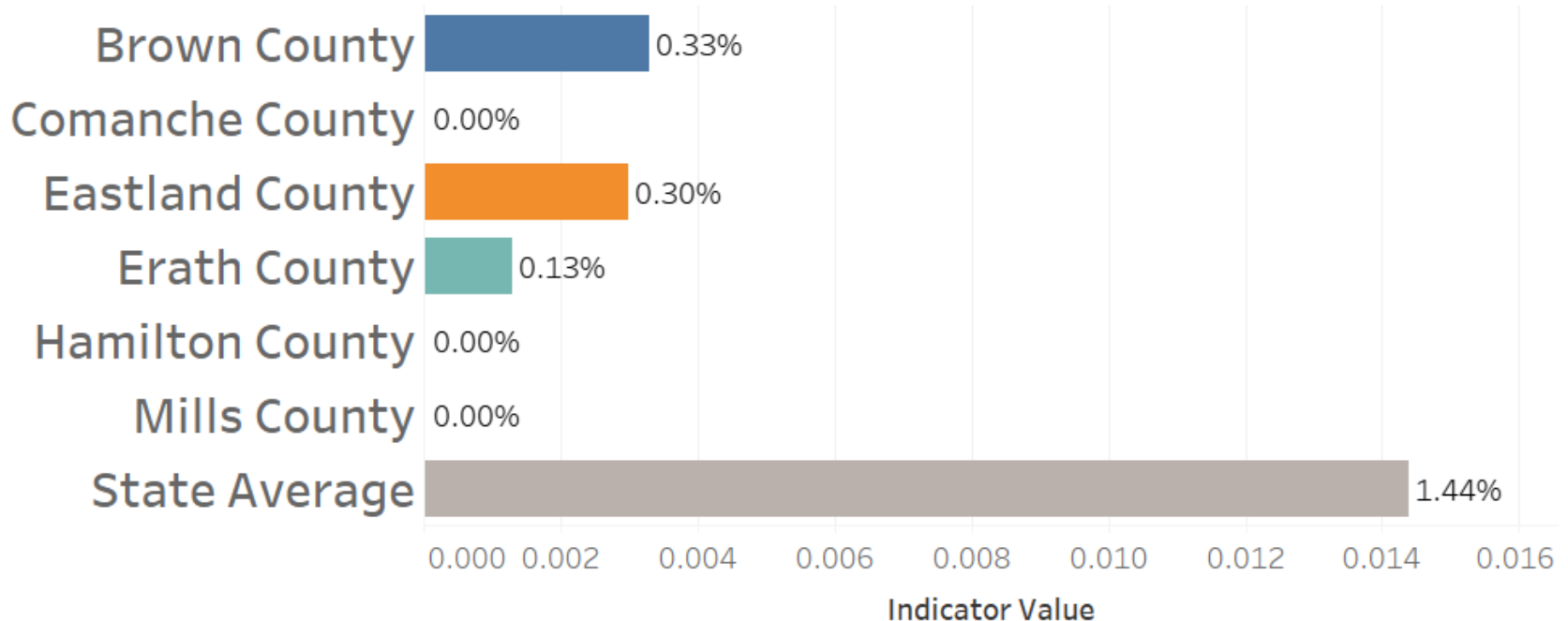


# Issues Affecting Healthcare Access:

## Transportation

- There is a lack of public transportation available in the CCMC community.
- A lack of public transportation affects access to healthcare.

**Percentage of Population Using Public Transit or  
Commuting to Work**



A person in a light blue lab coat is seated at a desk, focused on a black calculator. Their left hand is on the calculator, while their right hand holds a pen over a document. On the desk, there is a silver stethoscope, a spiral-bound notebook, and several medical diagrams, including one of a ribcage. The background is softly blurred, showing a window with bright light. A semi-transparent blue banner with the text 'COMMUNITY SURVEY RESULTS' is overlaid across the middle of the image.

# COMMUNITY SURVEY RESULTS



STROUDWATER

# Survey: Demographics of Respondents

•Gender	•Out of 102 respondents an overwhelming majority of respondents were female, 80.85% compared to 19.15% male.
Ethnicity	78.72% of respondents were white, 18.09% Hispanic or Latino, 1.06% Asian, and 2.13% other.
Household	57.45% of respondents are married, 10.64% are married with children at home, 7.45% are divorced, 9.57% are single, 1.18% are divorced with children at home, and 12.77% said other.
County of Residence	See chart below. The majority of respondents indicated they lived in Comanche County.

County of Residence	Percentage of Respondents
Brown County	1.06%
Comanche County	87.23%
Eastland County	2.13%
Erath County	7.45%
Hamilton County	1.06%
Mills County	0.00%
Other	1.06%

# Survey: Demographics of Respondents (cont.)

## Age

ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES
▼ Under 18 years old	0.00%
▼ 18-44 years old	22.34%
▼ 45-64 years old	43.62%
▼ 65-80 years old	29.79%
▼ Over 80 years or older	4.26%

## Type of Primary Health Insurance Plan

ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES
▼ Personal insurance you purchased	14.74%
▼ Medicare	23.16%
▼ Medicaid	4.21%
▼ Employer-sponsored (you and employer share cost)	29.47%
▼ Self-Pay	7.37%
▼ Uninsured	7.37%
▼ Other (please specify) <a href="#">Responses</a>	13.68%

## Respondents With a High Deductible Health Plan?

ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES
▼ Yes	26.60%
▼ No	47.87%
▼ Don't know	9.57%
▼ Not applicable	15.96%

# Survey: Access and Quality of Healthcare In CCMC Community

- Respondents rated access to healthcare in the CCMC community positively. 49.48% rated access as very good, and 34.02% rated it as good.
- Respondents also rated quality of healthcare in the CCMC community very positively. 46.39% rated it very good, and 39.18% rated it as good.

Question	Very Good	Good	Fair	Poor	Very Poor
In general, how would you rate access to healthcare in your community?	49.48%	34.02%	14.43%	2.06%	0.00%
In general, how would you rate the overall quality of the healthcare provided in your community?	46.39%	39.18%	11.34%	1.03%	2.06%

# Survey: Accessibility of Services

- The table shows a ranking of the least accessible services in the CCMC Community. The higher the weighted average, the poorer the access.
- Mental Health Services had a significantly higher weighted average than other services.

Note: Weighted averages were calculated on a 3-point scale with the poorer the ranking the higher point value.

Least Accessible Services in CCMC Community	Weighted Average
Mental Health Services	3.07
Nursing Home	2.75
Family Planning Services	2.72
Public Health Department	2.66
Urgent/Express Care	2.49
Gym/Fitness Center	2.45
Eye Doctor/Optometrlist	2.36
Home Health	2.26
Specialist Physician Care	2.24
Hospice	2.18

# Survey: Seeking Care Outside Comanche County

	Emergency Room	Hospital	Primary Care	Specialists Care	Urgent Care	Other	Percentage of Responses Who Said Yes
Over the past three years, did you or your household receive healthcare services outside your county?	11.43%	10.00%	14.29%	42.86%	2.86%	18.57%	70.59%

	Accepted My Health Insurance	Cost	Convenience/ Location	Hospital Affiliation	Quality of Care	Referral	Specialist Care	Other
Why did you choose services outside of your county?	0.00%	1.45%	8.70%	2.90%	21.74%	17.39%	33.33%	14.49%

- Individuals in the CCMC community seek healthcare services outside of their respective counties due to lack of specialty care availability and quality of care. The majority of respondents to the survey were from Comanche County. Specific services mentioned include labor and delivery, specialized surgery services, radiology, laboratory, optometry, and oncology.

# Survey: Seeking Care Within Community

	Yes, within the past 12 months	Yes, 1 -3 years ago	Yes, 4 or more years ago	No, I've never used the health services at CCMC or its affiliates
Have you ever used the healthcare services of Comanche County Medical Center or its affiliates?	73.47%	8.16%	4.08%	14.29%

	Very Satisfied	Satisfied	Neutral	Unsatisfied	Very Unsatisfied	Not Applicable
How would you rate your overall experience with the healthcare services you received from Comanche County Medical Center or its affiliates?	52.13%	28.72%	5.32%	3.19%	4.26%	6.38%

- While 70.59% of respondents have gone outside the county for care, 73.47% of respondents have also used CCMC services in the past 12 months.
- Over 80% of respondents were satisfied or very satisfied with the services received at CCMC.



# Survey: Challenges in the CCMC Community

- Obesity and diabetes were in the top three most significant problems and major health challenges in the CCMC community. Other high-scoring items in both categories include cancer, exercise/fitness, mental illness, and alcoholism.

Most Significant Problems in CCMC Community	Weighted Average
Obesity	2.61
Diabetes	2.60
Inactivity/Lack of Exercise	2.54
Heart Disease	2.46
Cancer	2.45
Smoking	2.42
Mood Disorders (ex. Depression)	2.42
Anxiety Disorders	2.41
Alcoholism	2.40
Opioids	2.33

Major Health Challenges in the CCMC Community	Percentage of Responses
Obesity	63.73%
Aging	62.75%
Diabetes	58.82%
Lack of Health Insurance	54.90%
Poverty	46.08%
Exercise/Fitness	43.14%
Alzheimer's/Other Dementias	42.16%
Cancer Care/Screening	42.16%
Alcohol	36.27%
Mental Illness	34.31%

Note: Weighted averages were calculated on a 3-point scale with the poorer the ranking the higher point value.

# Survey: Healthcare Perceptions and Satisfaction

- CCMC did not rate poorly in addressing any specific age group. However, it rated lower in addressing the health needs of infants, children, and young to middle-aged females.

How would you rate your local health system in addressing the needs of the following age groups?						
	VERY GOOD	GOOD	FAIR	POOR	VERY POOR	WEIGHTED AVERAGE
Infants	17.65%	42.65%	29.41%	4.41%	5.88%	2.38
Age 1-17	18.57%	47.14%	27.14%	2.86%	4.29%	2.27
Females Age 18-44	20.00%	45.71%	25.71%	5.71%	2.86%	2.26
Males Age 18-44	20.29%	55.07%	21.74%	1.45%	1.45%	2.09
Females Age 45-64	28.75%	38.75%	25.00%	5.00%	2.50%	2.14
Males Age 45-64	30.26%	43.42%	23.68%	1.32%	1.32%	2.00
Age 65-80	38.37%	32.56%	22.09%	4.65%	2.33%	2.00
Over 80	31.51%	38.36%	20.55%	6.85%	2.74%	2.11

# Survey: Additional Healthcare Providers

- Nearly 80% of respondents think CCMC needs additional healthcare providers. Over 50% of respondents identified specialist care and pediatricians as specific areas where providers are needed.

	Yes	No
Do you feel your community needs additional healthcare providers?	79.79%	20.21%

- What types of providers are needed?

Type of Provider	Percentage
Specialist Care	62.20%
Pediatricians	53.66%
Obstetrics/Gynecology (OB/GYN)	47.56%
Behavioral Health / Mental Health	45.12%
Surgeons	41.46%
Dentists	34.15%
Primary Care	32.93%
Therapists	21.95%
Other Providers	14.63%
Technologists	9.76%
Pharmacists	7.32%

# Survey: Health Practices

	Very Good	Good	Fair	Poor	Very Poor
How would you best describe your health?	17.53%	61.86%	17.53%	3.09%	0.00%

	Much Better than a year ago	Better than a year ago	About the same	Worse than a year ago	Much worse than a year ago
Compared to a year ago, how would you rate your overall health now?	9.28%	15.46%	60.82%	13.40%	1.03%

	Yes	No
Does your household have a provider you use for primary care?	91.30%	8.70%
Have you had a physical in the past 12 months?	84.21%	15.79%

## Survey: Health Practices (cont.)

- Half of the respondents to the survey are leading a healthy lifestyle, with the majority of respondents consuming low levels of tobacco and alcohol, receiving an annual flu shot and wearing masks in public spaces..

	Yes	No
Are you eating right (5 or more servings of fruits, vegetables and grains)?	56.12%	43.88%
Using tobacco products weekly?	13.27%	86.73%
Exercising 2-3 times weekly?	50.00%	50.00%
Consuming alcohol (more than 1 drink daily if you are female, 2 drinks daily if you are a male)?	7.14%	92.86%
Receiving an annual flu shot?	81.63%	18.37%
Wearing a mask in public spaces?	87.76%	12.24%

## Survey: Health Practices (cont.)

- Walking is the exercise activity of choice for those in the CCMC community. However, almost 20% of respondents reported they do not exercise.
- This could exemplify a need for more diverse forms of exercise programs in the community.

Activities	If you exercise, what are some activities you choose?	What are some activities that are available to you in your community?
Working out in a gym	18.28%	71.59%
Running	6.45%	50.00%
Cycling	5.38%	31.82%
Team Sports	1.08%	7.95%
Water Sports	3.23%	6.82%
Walking	70.97%	86.36%
Horseback Riding	1.08%	12.50%
Fishing/Hunting	12.90%	48.86%
Yoga/Pilates	7.53%	12.50%
I do not exercise	19.35%	N/A

# KEY PRIORITIES

# Health Need Priorities Table

Priority	Health Data	Community Survey Results
<b>Primary/Pediatric Care/Women's Care/</b> Accessibility to Services	Yes	Yes
<b>Cancer Care</b> (screenings, preventative care, and treatment around lung, breast, colon and rectum cancer specifically)	Yes	Yes
<b>Lifestyle</b> (wellness, nutrition, food insecurity, preventive care, family planning)	Yes	Yes
<b>Mental Health</b> (addiction treatment, psychiatric care, tele-psych, suicide prevention)	Yes	Yes
<b>Tobacco Usage</b> (cessation programs)	Yes	Yes
<b>Dental Care</b>	Yes	Yes



# Health Need Priorities: Primary/Pediatric Care/Women's Care/Accessibility to Specialist Services

## Health Data

- There are a shortage of **primary care providers** in the CCMC community.
- 4 out of 6 counties have higher than the state average **infant mortality** rates.
- 3 out of 4 counties reported a larger percentage of adults with **high cholesterol** than the Texas state average.
- The CCMC community has a higher than state average **heart disease** mortality rate.

## Survey Data

- Over 75% of respondents stated that CCMC needs **additional healthcare providers**.
- Over 45% of respondents identified **specialist care, pediatricians, and OB/GYN** as specific areas where providers are needed.
- Individuals are seeking care **outside the county** for specialist services including **labor and delivery, specialized surgery services, radiology, laboratory, optometry, and oncology**.

# Health Need Priorities: Cancer Care

## Health Data

- 3 counties have low incidence of cancer, but high **death rates** from **cancer**.
- Incidence of **colon** and **rectum cancer** is above both state and national averages in all counties in the CCMC community that reported data.
- **Mammogram cancer screening** rates are below the Texas state average in all counties except Erath. Low screening rates could mean many cases are going undetected in the community.
- 4 out of 6 counties have a **lung cancer** incidence rate that is above the state average.

## Survey Data

- **Cancer** was ranked in the top 10 for a significant problem in the CCMC community as well as a major health challenge.

# Health Need Priorities: Lifestyle

## Health Data

- Four out of 6 counties have a higher population than the state average with **low income** and **low food access**.
- Three out of six counties have a higher percentage of adults with **no physical activity** than the state average.
- Three counties are higher than the state average for number of students scoring below '**Not Proficient**' reading level.

## Survey Data

- Accessibility to a **gym/fitness center** was ranked in the top 10 least accessible services in the CCMC community.
- **Obesity, diabetes, and lack of exercise** were ranked in the top 10 for significant problems in the CCMC community as well as in the top 10 for major health challenges.
- 50% of respondents said they **do not exercise weekly**.
- For those that did exercise, the number one activity was walking.

# Health Need Priorities: **Mental Health**

## Health Data

- The rate of **mental health care providers** available in the 6 counties is considerably lower than the national average and state average in all counties but Brown County.
- **Depression** within the Medicare population is higher than the state average in 3 counties.
- Alcohol consumption rates were not submitted by multiple counties, however, there are extremely high **motor vehicle mortality** rates in the CCMC community. Eastland and Erath counties have more than double the state average with Comanche County more than triple. More data should be gathered around alcohol consumption to verify these statistics are not related.

## Survey Data

- Access to **mental health services** was ranked as the number one least accessible service in the CCMC community.
- Various **mental illnesses** were ranked in both the top 10 most significant problems in the CCMC community, and in the top 10 major health challenges in the CCMC community.
- Over 45% of respondents thought more **behavioral and mental health providers** were needed in the community.

# Health Need Priorities: Tobacco Usage

## Health Data

- All counties have a **lung disease** incidence rate over the Texas state average, with Hamilton County more than double the state average.
- With the exception of Comanche and Mills County, all other counties have a **lung cancer incidence** rate that is over the Texas state average.
- Brown, Comanche, and Hamilton County have a larger percentage of **smokers** than state and national averages.
- Brown and Comanche County have low rates of quit attempts coupled with a high percentage of current smokers.
- **Pulmonary services** are the most commonly used at CCMC.

## Survey Data

- **Smoking** was listed in the top 10 most significant problems in the CCMC community.

# Health Need Priorities: Dental Care

## Health Data

- Access to **dentists** is lower than both national and state averages in all counties except Hamilton County.
- Only two counties (Brown and Erath) measure the percentage of adult population with **poor dental health**, but both are over the state average.

## Survey Data

- 34% of respondents thought more **dentists** were needed in the community.

# Thank You

Thank you for the opportunity to support Comanche County Medical Center in its effort to identify and meet the health needs of its community.

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